McKean Miner.

VOLUME XVIII—NUMBER 20. SMETHPORT, PA., THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 14, 1881. TERMS $1.50 PER ANNUM

THE McKEAN MINER.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS AT SMETHPORT, PA.

Office—Miner Block, Church Street.

TERMS—$1.50 PER YEAR.

Rates of Advertising:

	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	4 w.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
1 inch	$1 00	$1 50	$2 00	$2 50	$3 50	$5 00	$8 00
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Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 338, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

DAVAULT MARTIN, W. M.
E. H. BARD, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No 126, meets every Tuesday evening in the Masonic Hall.

H. L. BURLINGAME, M. W.
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Churches.

METHODIST.—W. B. WAGONER, pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting directly after morning services Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

BAPTIST.—W. C. Wilcox, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 6 p. m. Sabbath school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.—The Rev. J. Heber McCandless, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

St. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a.m. Service at 11.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge.—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge.—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges.—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; F. N. Burnham, Eldred.
District Attorney.—S. W. Smith, Port Allegany.
Sheriff.—Roswell Bartlett, Smethport.
Prothonotary.—John R. Brawley, Bradford.
County Treasurer.—W. D. Gallup, Smethport.
Commissioners.—W. J. Colegrove, S. W. Abbey, John O. Boyer.
Comm'rs Clerk.—John R. Shoemaker, Smethport.
Jury Comm'rs.—N. C. Gallup, O. P. Coon.
Auditors.—O. D. Vosburgh, J. J. Roberts, C. L. Bellows.
County Surveyor.—G. H. Lyon, Bradford, Pa.
Register Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday in December.

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Asst. Burgess.—J. C. Hamlin.
Council.—David Sherrett, H. C. Wilcox, Thomas King, D. L. Forsyth, Frank Kerns, Eugene Quackenbush.
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Assessors.—W. Gifford, C. S. Bartwell, Edw'd McSweeney.
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Regular Meetings of Co. Commissioners.

The County Commissioners will hold regular sessions at the Commissioners Office on the first Monday of each month for the transaction of any business that may be brought before them. ☞ A special meeting will be held on the first Thursday after each court week for the settlement of county costs in Commonwealth cases.

J. H. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES, CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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MILLINERY STORE.

I am constantly receiving additions to my stock of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOOD, DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

and am prepared to SELL AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

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Main St. SMETHPORT, PA.

NEW MEAT MARKET

Rear of A. B. Armstrongs Drugstore.

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Oysters, Chickens &c. always on hand.

The Finest Tub Oysters in the Market.

DRESSED CHICKENS

furnished at any time.

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as Counsel, Try causes in the Courts, Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases, Collect claims, Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

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(Office over Haskill & Gifford's.)

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Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

Office:—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

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SMETHPORT, PA.

All legal business attended to promptly.

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Office: Miner Block, Church Street.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

(DISTRICT ATTORNEY,)

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Office: Exchange Building, Main St.

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ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

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P. R. COTTER,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Business Cards.

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Smethport Pa.

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ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for me; also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

HASKILL & GIFFORD'S STORE.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees

WILLIAMSON, Dec. 16, 1874.

New Meat Market!

Having recently fitted up a Meat Market

In Basement Kittredge Opera House!

I am prepared to serve the public with choice

Sirlion and Porter House Steaks

And all kinds of fresh meat, fresh fish, &c.

W. W. CHITTENDEN.

SELECT POETRY.

THE GIFT OF TEARS.

In cradle at the close of day,
A little child was sleeping.
Three angels robed in white array,
A prayerful watch were keeping.

Two said, "O happy should she be,
Life's best gifts we have meted."
"Nay," said the eldest of the three,
"Our task is not complete yet."

Then up the sleeping town she past,
By alley dark and dreary,
The winds were cold, the rain fell fast
On many a weed-rot weary.

There, on the pavement in the rain,
A babe and mother lying;
The child is dead! O vain, in vain
Are all her tears and crying!

One trod up lock that angel mild,
And gave relief from sorrow,
The mother and her little child
Shall meet in Heav'n to-morrow.

One touch up-took, and pass'd away
To that bright home of gladness,
Wherein the new-born baby lay
Unknowing sin and sadness.

Upon its throat the tear she laid,
Then hop'd on earth they ascended,
"The last gift is the best," she said,
"Our mission now is ended!"

Then sang they, through the starry skies,
"Heav'n shall its blessing send her,
She hath the gift of tears divine,
Of pity, pure and tender."

—*P. K. Woodberry*

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Stage-Box Episode.

BY ANNIE THACKERAY RITCHIE.

We all of us know, or, if we do not know, we have all of us heard of Sadler's Wells Theatre, standing in the regions very distant from the West End. But the great circle of iron has brought this mighty city into bounds, and it is possible nowadays to take one's pleasure or to attend to one's business half a dozen miles from home.

Sadler's Wells does not, however, depend for its audience upon the dwellers on the Capitoline Hills of Mayfair or South Kensington. It has its own life, its own interests and sympathies; it is essentially the theatre of the Aventines—a theatre where the pit and gallery rule supreme. It is a handsome building well proportioned, of oval shape. A great stage fronts the audience. They come from the neighboring streets and roads, from their dwellings by the river, from suburban squares and busy roads. What Sadler's Wells was once we may still see painted on the curtain: a green rural place, shady and umbrageous, where hooped and powdered ladies, escorted by attentive gentleman, trip to the restoring waters. If this were really a theatre for the Aventines, if we were Romans living in blue and yellow weather, this people's colosseum might have been left undisclosed and open to the stars of heaven; but as it is, we are English, shuddering in a familiar atmosphere of crape and half mourning fog, and so the winds and the weather, and the moonlight is homemade, and is manufactured expressly for the love scene.

A lovely moon, a lovely scene it is, as we find when the curtain rises and the play begins; and then, in a little while, we are touched by some magic. The theatre fades away; that stage is no stage; London is not; Sadler's Wells is not; two centuries roll back, the audience, the moonlit tragedy, all are conveyed away from the present to a past of Shakespeare's creation, to Italy, to Verona, to the home of Juliet and her lover.

Shakespeare, like Bethoven, works with a strange intimate charm, indescribable but unmistakable. As the people listen, all that they see and hear becomes their own, becomes themselves; their own secret told, their own feelings revealed. We never took poison, we never fought in the streets of Verona, we never conquered France; we never loved, hated, endured, philosophized, dreamed such dreams; we never saw such sights in nature, never gathered such dewy flowers, as Shakespeare did, nor heard the birds sing as they sang to him; but, nevertheless, as he speaks to us we know it all, we feel it all; we are touched and made into poets, strung to some greater mood than our customary humdrum.

Last night we saw a thousand ports bewitched, charmed out of themselves, dwellers in Islington and Hounslow, neighbors of the "Angel," humble pedestrians who count from one public house to another. There they sat—gods in the gallery, poets in the pit—watching the moon that rose 300 years ago, while the nightingales that sang in Shakespeare's time burst into a new song. "Romeo and Juliet" is very like the story a nightingale might tell. It begins quietly, with some faint echo of what is to come, a low thrill, a pause—passion's note suggested, and then silenced for a moment—the jug-jug of commonplace, and then comes a great passionate outburst thrilling into every heart.

The great theatre was full of hard-working, honest faces, people resting and forgetting their week's work, not lazy capitalists trying to while away an evening; the pit surged to the stalls, the galleries were broad, and filled with this good audience.

There were only about half a dozen boxes in all—I think four on either side. Two or three of these were tenanted by family parties who had come to see the tragedy of "Romeo and Juliet." In one of them sat a whole host of sociables, middle-aged, discursive people, evidently with many reminiscences of other Romeos and other Juliets, cheerfully discoursing while their heads nodded. In the next box was a silent party; in the front of the box sat a beautiful young woman, with her head leaning upon her hand. She was pale, dark-haired; a diamond star was flashing in her thick plaits, and a diamond was twinkling at her throat. She was dressed in black velvet. A little white muslin girl, with lovely brown eyes, sat beside her; a middle-aged lady (mother, chaperon, or what not) was there, with a pair of opera-glasses, made up the party. They all listened very intently, though they did not say much about it. The bald gentleman was Dick Willoughby, the well-known theatrical critic of the *Daily Harangue*. He had brought his wife and her beautiful friend, Mrs. Baxter, and his little niece, to see the tragedy played.

Willoughby, whose profession some persons may envy, and who was actually paid for going to the theatre, to feel with a kind, grim sort of sympathy at his little niece, who sat breathless with her dark curly head against the red curtain, wondering and absorbed by this unknown spectacle, this sea of passion tossing before her toward some vast horizon undreamed of by little girls of fourteen nowadays. She might have been a pretty study for a painter had there been one present, and able to withdraw his eyes from the wonderful, the melodious, heartrending history enacted that night.

The play begins. Gay Mercutio, in his glittering doublet, has said his say; the fiery Tybalt has breathed vengeance against the Montagues; old Capulet, in his satin doublet, has tried in vain to calm his furious kinsman, and then, lo! the scene changes.

The moonlight is streaming on the woods and gardens of Verona, on the terraces and heavy scented flowers, on the balcony, where Juliet—dear, rebellious, tenderly generous Juliet—stands in her white robes. The light falls on the sweet face with its wistful story. Then comes Romeo very quickly; he stands at the foot of the balcony, the lady bends from above; the scene seems touched with some mystic rapture. "My bounty is as boundless as the sea, my love as deep; the more I give to thee the more I have, for both are infinite," says Juliet's tender voice, and she vanishes, with a soft white flash, returning, lingering, dying away, like summer lightning. "Sleep dwell upon thine eyes, peace in thy breast," says Romeo, with all a true lover's tenderness.

"Oh, Uncle Dick!" said little Margaret, clasping her hands in speechless sympathy.

"You are not the first to say oh! to all that, Peggy," answered Uncle Dick, kindly.

"The scene in the friar's cell soon followed.

"Friar Lawrence is a first rate conjuror to pull those beautiful things out of that basket," said Willoughby to his wife.

"Have you done with the glasses, Bell?" and he began looking in the direction of the opposite box, which had been empty till then. Some one had just come in and sat down in a seat behind the curtain.

"It seems all so real, Aunt Bell," said little Margaret, in a whisper, "only more than real things."

"His wonderful wealth of language must have something to do with it," said Willoughby, gently shutting up his glasses. "He calls in all nature and all English to his aid—oh, Mrs Baxter, don't it strike you so?"

He was looking at her with an odd expression, as if he wanted to hear her voice, to guess what she was thinking of from what she said.

"I am like Margaret, I can only sympathize," said Mrs Baxter. "I think it was very happy for Juliet that she died with her faith in Romeo unchanged," she added, not bitterly, but with a heavy sigh. Mrs. Willoughby hastily interposed with a "Hush! hush! Juliet is coming." She did not want her friend Felicia to dwell upon her troubles.

This is the fag-end of a story which all happened years ago, only a little bit got broken off, so to speak, and was fastened on again by chance on this particular night. The hero and heroine of my little story loved each other long ago, tenderly, passionately, then they quarrelled, then they made it up and were married; had loving but jarring tempers; he was suspicious, poor, easily angered, she was impetuous, difficient, exacting, because she loved him and cared so much for him and for herself, too, and because she cared so much for the quality of his love, and became she was jealous of some one far more suitable than herself. He was Colonel Baxter, a widower, and they were married, she had been an heiress, Felicia Marlowe by name. The young mistress of Harpington Hall had been left very young, very alone, very self-willed, to her own discretion and indiscretion, to her childish moods, to her makeshift life; she had been overpraised and overloved, perhaps, by the cousin from whom she inherited the old house which had been her home and the scene of her failure and success in life. She had been engaged to him nominally, but they both knew that even if he recovered they were lovers only in name. Felicia's heart had beaten its own measure, and ached to its own longing, although her future had been settled for her by others; then, when the time came, and she was free, and able to mould it to her heart's desire, she was, perhaps, disappointed by the result.

All this has been told elsewhere, but one odd phase of the story happened two nights ago, and I write it down as it was told me by some people who were present.

It was from Mrs. Willoughby I heard it all. She is a middle aged woman who has known a good many people, and seen something of the world (which means seeing something more than people sitting in rows in it), and Felicia Baxter and she were old friends. Mrs. Willoughby had been at Felicia's wedding and admired—as who would not admire—the lovely young bride and the stately bridegroom, little thinking of the dismal result of all the white satin, organ-straining, promising, vowing, bride-cake, and congratulations. Everything seemed propitious. One of Felicia's former lovers was present in a dejected attitude, the friends who approved and the friends who disapproved were here, all equally smart. The Colonel's little daughter, a child of twelve, was there with the maid and the cousin who had brought her up, and with whom she was to remain till the couple returned. They were to spend a month or two at Rome, and then come back. But though after a time they came back, little Lucy Baxter remained, by her father's wish, with the cousin for whom she had so great an affection.

When disagreements began between the Colonel and his wife, Colonel Baxter, who was a somewhat morbidly fastidious person, shrank from bringing his little Lucy from her peaceful home to witness the disturbance, and strange, almost inextricable troubles of his new life.

She was nearly thirteen. In a year or two she would be a woman. He was ashamed that the two women who had made his home there ten years and more should know of his present perplexities. He made one excuse and another to put off Lucy's coming, and Felicia guessed the reason and felt a wild, unutterable pang in her heart; self reproach, indecence, bitter resentment, were all there in her foolish, passionate soul.

One day she said to him:

'You married me, but you never loved me. Why did you come to disturb me? What was there to prevent you from marrying some one else? If it was only my money you wanted, you might have had it all for the asking.'

Baxter's face turned white.

'I can't forgive this,' he said. 'It is no use, Felicia; I must go away. You can't say anything to undo this. I have felt it coming for some time past. You have insulted me, wounded me, humiliated me, past my endurance.'

'Oh, Jim! Jim! You would not have spoken to me so,' sobbed Felicia, apostrophizing the dead cousin to whom she had been engaged.

'No; but I have not the forbearance that your cousin possessed; and though you broke his heart, you shall not ruin my life and my child's,' said Colonel Baxter, in a cool, concentrated fury.

Felicia was frightened by his strange tone and strange looks; she came up and caught his hand.

'Leave me alone,' he cried, 'don't touch me!'

She ran out of the room with a pale face and desperate eyes; spoiled, lonely, inexperienced, she was not likely to make allowance for another somewhat spoiled child. She did not distinguish between temper and coldness of heart. Perhaps Mrs. Willoughby might have done some good then, but Felicia rushed to a friend who happened to be stopping in the house, and who certainly made matters worse. They had been had enough before.

'We are born to be slaves and playthings,' said this lady gloomily, with her foot on the fender. 'Some women have spirits too high for mean surrender to circumstances; without such hearts to bleed for the cause of right and truth and liberty, we should be brought low indeed. You are one of these,' said Mrs. Bracey (that was the friend's name) suddenly turning full upon the quivering, pale, indignant lady of the house—'one of these generous martyred ones.'

And so it happened that the two parted. Colonel Baxter made some excuse to somebody—the butler, I believe—and went away without seeing his wife again Felicia, as usual, staid on alone at Harpington. How often she had turned some pages in her short life's history, and begun again to live alone! She was, perhaps, more forlorn now than she had ever been. People did not know her story for certain, but they whispered it about, and looked at her pitifully. She kept away and could not face them.

It was not till some weeks had passed that Mrs. Willoughby brought her up to London by main force.

"The poor little soul will go out of her mind if she is left to brood all by herself in that dismal old place. I hate that Colonel Baxter, Dick,' said Mrs. Dick emphatically.

'I saw him at the club the other day, looking uncommonly dismal,' said Dick Willoughby. 'Depend upon it, in nine cases out of ten it is the woman's fault when people quarrel. You can give in with grace, my dear; a man can't without making a fool of himself.'

'Nonsense!' cried Mrs. Willoughby, laughing; 'you never appear to greater advantage than at such times, Dick.'

But the scene changes to Sadler's Wells once more, where they are all sitting in a row in their comfortable box, and watching the changing scenes. Mrs. Willoughby, who had taken up the glass, looked slowly round the theatre, and paused for a moment, as her husband had done, upon the opposite box, but its occupant was hidden from view by the curtain. Mrs. Baxter did not look up or about; she sat listless, absorbed, listening; while a faint color rose, and then died away on her pale cheek.

Meanwhile people grew more and more interested; the storm of feeling upon the stage rises and engrosses the not unsympathetic audience; sorrow's knell is dinning; gallant *Mercutio* falls as bravely as he has lived; Romeo, driven to bay, is forced to revenge him; then come the sentence and the passionate parting scene between the 'hour's wife' and her banished lover.

Little Margaret began to cry outright; the tears dribbled down her bliss ribbons. Felicia never moved; she seemed to turn pale, and more pale.

It was at this instant that Mrs. Willoughby, happening to look around, caught sight of the occupant of the opposite box, who, forgetting the precautions, had leaned forward for a minute; then he withdrew almost immediately. That black, set face, that close-cropped military head—surely she could not be mistaken; she glanced at her friend anxiously, then she touched her husband's hand to attract his attention.

'Dick,' she whispered, 'do you see him?'

'Yes, I saw him come in,' said Dick, in a low voice. 'Don't look; you might frighten him away.'

Then the critic, who had to write his article however much other people were distracted, went back to his notes again. Little Margaret followed every word with rapt attention; to her the play was everything, and everything else nothing. Mrs. Baxter, too, seemed to have found some *relief* from the weight of her present troubles in Juliet's pathetic words; the color rose into her cheeks her eyes brightened.

'Bravo, Juliet,' said Dick, when Juliet, after her great outcry of childlike terror, suddenly, nobly, calmly drains the sleeping draught. Then came the last great scene where life and death seem struggling for a while, and the unseen and the present met, and human beings fall helpless and prostrate before the awful doom of fate.

It was not till this last scene that the opposite curtain was pushed back, and that Colonel Baxter, seeing his wife's beautiful and face leaning forward, leaned forward too.

Who was it spoke? Was it Shakespeare who spoke in faithful ever-enduring words? Was it Baxter? Was it Felicia? 'Oh, my love! my wife!' says Romeo.

Felicia looked up. Had some voice called? Perhaps she looked away because she could not face it all; but from across the great theatre she met the steady look of her husband's eyes; the two saw each other. With a faint cry Felicia half rose, half mechanically put out her arm, as Juliet had done; then she turned and caught at Mrs. Willoughby's outstretched hand.

'Did you see him? Did you see?' she said.

'Oh, hush! listen!' cried little Margaret, bending forward.

'Come, I'll dispose of thee among a sisterhood of holy nuns,' says the Friar. 'Stay not to question, for the watch is coming.' 'What's here—a cup closed in my true lover's hand?' sobs Juliet.

Margaret was crying; Mrs. Willoughby, rising up from her seat, was pulling fainting Felicia away from the front of the box.

There was a rattle at the handle of the door; it opened wide, and Colonel Baxter walked in.

'Fay!' he cried—'Fay, forgive me; won't you forgive me?'

She gave a cry, a spring, and clung to him, close to his heart.

Little Margaret never forgot her first play. I think Colonel and Mrs. Baxter's domestic troubles seem to her very tame compared to Mr. and Mrs. Montague's.

Dick Willoughby afterwards confessed to his wife that he had expected something of the sort. 'I was talking to my friend, Mr. Fladgate, at the club,' he said, 'and seeing Baxter at his elbow, I took care to tell Fladgate, in his hearing, that Mrs. Bateman had sent us a box for to-night, and that Felicia was to come with you. I wonder how long the peace will last,' he said, with a doubtful look.

'They love each other, Dick,' said Mrs. Willoughby; 'and then people can afford to quarrel, can't they, Dick?'

Dick laughed. 'Yes, Bell,' said he, 'perhaps they can afford it, but it is an expensive amusement.'

Making Butter.

A man who resides in the suburbs of Oil City recently purchased some oleomargarine. He didn't know it until after he had eaten it. That made him mad. Of course it did. People don't like to eat butter and then find out it was oleomargarine.

Well, he swore he would be deceived no more—no more, no never.

He would make his own butter.

He bought a cow.

He milked the cow.

That is to say, his wife did, but as man and wife are one, in reality he milked the cow.

In time cream rose on the milk.

It rose in goodly quantities and was collected by the wife.

On Saturday evening, as the man was starting out to spend the evening, the wife remarked:

"You must come home early, so as to get up in the morning and churn the butter before going to church.

He said he would.

He came home early—in the morning.

About two o'clock.

His wife remarked, distinctly:

"Now sir, I want you to prepare—"

"Two pair—hic—no good."

That was sufficient.

She soon after arose.

He retired, without the formality of removing his boots.

She was mad.

He was sleepy.

Being mad she churned the butter and put it away, leaving the buttermilk in the churn.

Being sleepy he did not hear her.

Before leaving for church she wiped the outside of the churn, concealed the butter and left the buttermilk in the churn.

She also left a note, telling him the churn was already for him to commence operations.

He said:

"D—d—d—dash 'er churn."

It was a dasher churn.

He feared his wife, as all good men do, and commenced churning.

He commenced at nine o'clock.

At 9:30 he looked to see if it was coming.

It did no appear to be.

At 10:15 he looked again.

Result of inspection not encouraging.

At 10:40, perspiring freely, he happened to think of the bottle of brandy kept in the house for medical purposes.

The butter was not "coming"—neither was the wife.

But the brandy was forthcoming.

He drank heavily.

At 11:45 he stopped again and made another examination.

Result such as to warrant another drink.

He was getting mad.

At 12:20 he took a lunch and continued churning.

At 1:10 he looked to see if his wife was coming.

She was not—nor was the butter.

At 2:30 he could stand it no longer.

And therefore took another drink.

Then he churned five minutes.

He then swore a few minutes.

Next he took his gun and loaded it.

At 3:30 he dropped down completely exhausted.

Ten minutes later he had demolished the churn with a hatchet, and was just going out to shoot the cow when his wife came in, almost breathless and put him to bed.—*Oil City Derrick.*

Samuel A. Hewitt, Monterey, Mich., writes that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cannot be beat by any medicine for coughs and colds, and for rheumatism, it works like a charm. It has been thoroughly tried in this place and is in great demand. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

Inside and Out.

Inside and out. A double advantage is derivable from Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil because it can be taken inwardly and outwardly. It contains no ingredient not eminently safe and pure so it exists an influence of great potency. Use it for pulmonary disorders, rheumatism, neuralgia, sores, bruises, scalds, burns, etc. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

Bottled Lightning.

There is no finer Therapeutic agent than Electricity. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, a standard remedy for lameness, soreness, bruises and abrasions of the skin, diseases of the throat and lungs, piles and kidney troubles, contains it. Veterinary surgeons also command it for horse and cattle diseases. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Penna.

A Blue Ribbon Convert.

The man was old he smelt of rum,
He'd been on a pretty considerable bum;
His eyes they run, his body shook,
He looked like a resurrected spook;
A friend he thought to reform him would try,
So a bottle of Spring Blossom at once did buy,
It did the work and his friends he'll tell,
Never whiskey more will he taste or smell,
Prices: $1.50, and trial bottles 10c.' Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse.

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of the vicinity and the county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and at

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited to

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SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

S. J. GIFFORD,

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Are prepared to furnish on short notice bills of

Lumber, Lath and Shingles,

in quantities to suit customers.

Having superior facilities for supplying the trade they are not only able to sell at low rates but guarantee their lumber to be as represented.

S. J. GIFFORD,
Smethport, Pa.

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OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE

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P. E. & G. C. SCHENCK, Prop'rs.

This Hotel is the most centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House, and in the center of business. It has been recently enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, and is by far the best arranged and best furnished Hotel in Northern Pennsylvania.

☞ Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

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B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

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This Hotel is newly made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

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Located directly opposite the N. Y. & P. and B. N. Y. & P. R. R. depots. The house has been recently rebuilt and newly furnished throughout, and is now a first class house.

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House newly built, substantially furnished and first class in every respect. The only public Central Hotel in Eldred, and the best location in the county. ☞ PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ANY PART OF THE OIL REGION.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

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The above House has been recently Re-built, Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest Style for the convenience of Guests.

BRADFORD HOUSE,

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Opposite the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Depot,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ED. SEIL, - - - Proprietor.

Fillmore House,

Cor. Michigan and Carroll Streets,

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Rates reduced to $1.00 per day; single meal, 25 cents.

This house has been recently refurnished in the most modern style. It is centrally located, and within one block of the Erie, N. Y. Central, and Lake Shore depots. Street cars pass the house from all parts of the city continually.

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AKIN HOUSE,

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MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

A good house for the People. Rates reasonable. Free coaches are in process. Everything first and accommodations. Tables supplied from the best the seasons afford. Meals at all hours. Good stabling and livery.

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Broezel's Hotel,

cor. *Seneca and Wells Streets,*

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First Class in every respect.

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THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., April 14, 1881.

E. H. BARD, Editor and Proprietor.

RETARDING LEGISLATION.

Hon. J. M. Pomeroy, of Chambersburg, this State, who has had considerable experience as a legislator, and is a member of the present House, wrote to his paper, the *Franklin Repository*, recently, that "the constitution of 1873 was made to impede legislation, and in that respect it is a success beyond the most sanguine expectations of its framers. They made it nearly prohibitory." We believe this is the opinion of every man who is familiar with the subject. But was it not the intention of the framers of our present constitution to effect just what Mr. Pomeroy claims it has effected? By looking over the debates of the convention on the article embracing the subject of Legislation, it will be seen that the distinguished men composing the body considered with alarm the vast amount of special legislation which made up such ponderous volumes of pamphlet laws as were being published by the State from year to year. They were determined to apply the pruning-knife and cut off this growing evil, if possible. That they were eminently successful there can be no question, but at the same time it was not the intention of preventing needful and wholesome legislation from being properly considered and passed. They had no reason to expect, however, that the result of their action would be to cause a legislature to fritter away the first three months of its session in doing nothing, when it had important work in hand. There are not two score of bills before the present Legislature of any importance. One of the most important, the General Appropriation, passed the lower House a few days since, but has not yet been reported by the Finance Committee of the Senate. The next in importance are the Apportionment bills, neither of which have been acted upon by either house, or had not been at the beginning of this week, in which the hundred days, fixed by law for their session, expires. The Governor has not yet had placed in his hands two dozen bills, all told, for his approval. Every bill of any importance should have been passed and in his hands and the Legislature ready to adjourn on the 100th day of its session. In all candor, we trust no one will hold the Constitution responsible for the dilatoriness of the Legislature now in session at Harrisburgh.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.

The Supreme Court recently decided, in the Fayette county case, that no county having 40,000 inhabitants could have Associate Judges. That was the sum and substance of its decision, and it was not for the benefit of intelligent men that it was promulgated. A couple of asses in that county succeeded in being elected Associate Judges and insisted upon holding their office and drawing their pay notwithstanding the county had over 50,000 inhabitants. They claimed that because to their county was attached Greene with less than 30,000 inhabitants, thereby composing the 14th Judicial District, their county was entitled to Associate Judges as well as Greene. The Supreme Court decides, that no matter how many small counties are attached to large ones in making up Judicial districts, the counties having the requisite number of inhabitants for a district by itself cannot have Associate Judges while the smaller counties can. The decision holds that the larger county should have the President Judge, all of which seems to us to be good Constitutional law. That every county in a Judicial District should have a voice in the election of a President Judge there can be no question.

SENATOR CONKLING is said to be opposing Robertson's nomination as Collector of New York because it was made without consulting either of the New York Senators, and was therefore a discourtesy to them. He also blames Secretary Blaine as responsible for the nomination. On the other hand Mr. Blaine says he had nothing to do with it, and that the President alone, upon his own judgment, made the nomination. In the meantime, the President is quietly keeping his own counsel, and it looks as though he intended to stand by his action in the premises. As a conscientious supporter of the re-nomination of Gen. Grant a year ago, we are free to say, that when President Garfield announced that he proposed to harmonize and solidify the Republican party, by recognizing every element in his appointments, we felt confident he had struck the key-note of success for his administration. He has already made many very important appointments for the State of New York, in which all factions of the party have been recognized. Against the character, ability or qualifications of the appointees not a syllable of complaint has been raised. There can be no mistake in the public sentiment of the Republican party of the country, which is, that the President stand firm in the position he has taken, and let the Senate take the responsibility, if it dare, of rejecting those appointments.

SENATOR MITCHELL has appointed H. J. Ramsdell as clerk of the Committee on Mississippi River Improvement of which he is chairman. Mr. Ramsdell is one of the editors of the Washington *Republican*, and correspondent of the Philadelphia *Times*. He is a life-long, consistent, stalwart Republican, and is said to be one of Secretary Blaine's most trusted friends. The appointment is considered an admirable one.

IT IS alleged that 113 Republican newspapers in New York State are in favor of Judge Robertson's confirmation, and only nine opposed to it.

THE CONTEST AT WASHINGTON.

The attention of the country is absorbing in the contest for the supremacy now being fought in the Senate at Washington, between the chiefs of the two great parties. The struggle possesses national importance. It involves the principle of free speech and a free ballot south of the Potomac. If that can be secured then the "solid south" is a thing of the past. One of the most influential men of the great State of Virginia, a former Rebel general and more recently a captain in the Democratic hosts, has come out boldly and declared in unmistakable terms in favor of a free ballot, a full vote and a fair count hereafter in that State. These being among the fundamental principles of the Republican party, and if carried out fatal to the Democratic, as a natural consequence he allies himself with the Republicans in the organization of the Senate. In the disposition of the offices of that body this Senator is given the Sergeant-at-Arms, and he names one of his colleagues from Virginia, a man by the name of Riddleberger. It is upon the head of these two men, Gen. Mahone and his candidate Riddleberger, that the vials of Democratic venom are being poured. The idea that a prominent Democrat from the south should take a stand against Bourbon rule and dictation cannot be endured. The Bourbons see the handwriting on the wall and are fighting desperately to avert the catastrophe that awaits them. The argument used against Gen. Mahone, that he is a repudiator, loses its force as the facts become known. He shows conclusively that his maligners, instead of himself and his followers, are the real repudiators in his State. That it is the bounden duty of the Republican party to stand by Mahone to the bitter end, no true Republican will question for a moment, and we most heartily agree with Gen. Hawley of Connecticut in his speech in the Senate the other day, when he said: "All over your South are young men and middle-aged men, Confederates and non-Confederates, who are waiting for the good time to break down this social and political ostracism, and open the South to a generosity and a fraternity of treatment of all political and public questions to which you have been a stranger. God bless every man who comes to do that; and, whether I agree with him upon his State tactics or not, when he comes of his own free accord, without promise, without pledge of any description, and takes his seat upon this side and tells you that he does not care for your caucus, that what you do in there is a matter of total indifference to him, I shake hands with him, Mahone or anybody else, and the more of them the more welcome."

In an interview with a correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* a few days since, Senator Mitchell of this State also gives a comprehensive and clear idea of the situation from a Republican standpoint. He says: "We know that the denial of free suffrage to the negroes in the Southern States is the cause of a solid Democratic representation from those States in the National Legislature. We also know that the votes of the colored men in Virginia freely cast and honestly counted, together with the votes of Mahone's 30,000 white followers, will redeem the Old Dominion from Bourbon rule. The Republican party is giving its aid and encouragement to Mahone because he is the only agent through whom the colored voters of at least one Southern State can secure their full rights, and by whose means the wedge to split the solid south will be inserted. I know very little about Riddleberger, the candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms. He is, I believe, an anti-Bourbon Democrat. Whether his views on the question of the suffrage in the South meet the approval of Northern Republicans can be inferred when it is known that on the eve of a recent election in Virginia, addressing an audience of Bourbons, he informed them that if they attempted to prevent the negroes from voting they would be met at the ballot-boxes by men prepared to use armed force if necessary to secure the negro his rights. The Independent Republicans of Pennsylvania should understand this great subject in its true light, and not be deceived or prejudiced by the statements of those who think to be independent is to oppose everything that the party organization approves."

We have occupied considerable space with this subject, partially to show its supreme importance to the Republican party in a political point of view, and also to show the inconsistency of a few *professed* Republicans in the Legislature. A few days since a resolution was passed by the Senate of our State, receiving the unanimous vote of the Republicans, approving the course of Senators in their fight at Washington. The resolution was sent to the House for its concurrence. Of course Mr. Wolfe was opposed to it, and offered a substitute requesting the Senators to proceed with the confirmation of the President's nomination. He would like to have the Republican Senators back down from the position they had taken of insisting upon an organization before any business was done. Of course the whole Democratic party was with him, but would have believed any Republican would have voted for so insane a proposition? and yet there were a half dozen or so, and among that number we find the man who pretends to represent the Republicans of McKean county. How long, oh, how long must we endure this humiliation?

IF THE rumor proves true that Jay Gould has effected an arrangement to control the Philadelphia and Erie and Low Grade Railroads in order to make them a part of his trunk line to the West, it will have the effect of revolutionizing the passenger business of the two roads, and cannot help but prove of great advantage to the country through which they run. Under the present management the Philadelphia and Erie is almost exclusively devoted to freight business. But one through passenger train runs over it every twenty-four hours, which renders it an exceedingly unpleasant route to take if a passenger desires to stop off for any time less than twenty-four hours at any point between Warren and Lock Haven.

THE *Herald's* Washington correspondence predicts that unless the Democrats yield the dead-lock in the Senate will be kept up until next December. It is certain that the Republicans have made up their minds to break the Solid South.

LIES! LIES!

Some very [illegible] recently given by the Philadelphia *Press* as to the amount of pay and the work accomplished for the same, by the Legislature for the past twenty-five years. The article in which these figures are given is lengthy, and we will not reproduce it entire, but will copy the last two paragraphs for the purpose of showing how enormously Legislative expenses have increased within the past decade:

"In considering this whole question it must be remembered that legislative expenses have steadily crept up within the last twenty-five years—from $135,000 in 1855 to $540,000 in 1878 and $530,000 in 1879—and the tendency is still upward. During the years prior to 1874, when the salary was $1,000 for the session, the Legislature uniformly adjourned about the middle of April. Let us recall how much work Legislatures accomplished in those days and at what cost. In 1864, 981 bills were passed at an expense of $200,000; in 1865, 919 bills for $190,000; in 1866, 1,132 bills for $196,000; in 1867, 1,441 bills for $265,000; in 1868, 1,208 bills for $360,000; in 1869, 1,343 bills for $320,000; in 1870, 1,516 bills for $300,000; in 1871, 1,416 bills for $375,000; in 1872, 1,254 bills for $250,000; in 1873, 1,161 bills for $230,000, and in 1874, 859 for $379,000.

"In the sessions of 1871 and 1874, which extended into May, there was an extra per diem compensation. The session of 1876, ended March 18. Only 78 bills were passed and the expense was $375,000. In 1876, 208 bills were passed at a cost of $475,000; in 1877, 99 bills at a cost of $405,000; in 1878, 251 bills at a cost of $540,000, and in 1879, 198 bills at a cost of $530,000. Nothing could illustrate better than these figures the pernicious effect of the per diem compensation conferred by the act of 1874, which the Attorney General has pronounced unconstitutional. The effect, stated in a sentence, is to reward procrastination, protract the sessions, and increase the cost of legislation to the State. The people are willing to give their Legislators a fair remuneration but no more, and the amount of that remuneration should be fixed in a business-like way. A salary is the safest thing."

IT IS said that the widow of John Brown is spending her old age in poverty and distress on a farm in California, near San Jose. This ought not to be so.

CHINESE cheap labor has played out in New Jersey, whites supplying the place of the Heathen Chinee. The proprietors of the Belleville laundry wants no more of them.

SENATOR MITCHELL, of Pennsylvania, defines the Deputy Democratic variety of Independence as opposition to everything which the Republican party organization approves. That is terse and accurate.—*Tribune.*

THE Democracy are well rid of Mahone, but Voorhees is a heavy load to carry. The Tall Sycamore of the Wabash is not the right sort of Democrat to handle Scrub Oak of the Appomattox.—*Charleston News and Courier (Dem.)*

THE Southern line of statesmen, from Lamar down, have once more revealed their true position and shown how little this country can ever look to them for the wisdom which must guide and the patriotism which must man the ship of state.—*Troy Times.*

SENATOR JOSEPH R. HAWLEY says the contest for the offices of the Senate could not have been avoided by the Republicans and is opposed to compromise. Mahone, he says, must be sustained, and a determined stand made in favor of a new South. The Senator also believes that Judge Robertson's nomination will be confirmed.

WE admire Mr. Mahone sincerely, but dislike his way of referring to Dan Voorhees as "the gentleman of Illinois." That is too much. "Take any shape but that." We trust Mr. Mahone will devote his first spare time to posting up on Western geography, and that he will get Mr. Voorhees credited to the only region that could produce him.—*Peoria Transcript.*

THE average Southern town, which has grown up since the war, surrounding a railroad station, is described as consisting of two to five drinking saloons, a few stores and a series of cabins or shanties of planks or logs set hither and thither, without much reference to a town in the future. Through a long range of country, there are no fences on the side of the railroad track. The trains are kept continually whistling to avoid running over cattle or mules. This is the case within sight of Montgomery, Ala., where there are some sixteen thousand inhabitants.

THERE is now in the vaults of the Treasury Department a larger amount of gold than was ever known to be in one place in the history of modern times, and probably more than could be authenticated as existing in a single treasury at any time before in the world. There is now about $173,000,000 of gold coin and bullion, exclusive of some $53,000,000 in silver, while the Bank of England has only about $75,000,000 in gold. What is more singular is, that it stays in the vaults, no matter what the demand recently, for as fast as it is paid out it returns, showing that as long as confidence is maintained it is not a favorite currency.

THE New York *Tribune* has been publishing private memoirs of the rebellion, gathered from the papers of participants on the rebel side. Yesterday the report of James P. Holcomb to Judah P. Benjamin, Confederate Secretary of State, dated November 18, 1864, was published. It relates to the efforts made to cripple the Union cause by keeping up a fire in the rear, the embers of which were to be fanned from Canada. Holcomb reports that he held consultations in Canada with Judge Jere. Black and Charles R. Buckalew, of Pennsylvania; Ben Wood and Dean Richmond, of New York; M'Lean, of the Cincinnati *Inquirer*, and others; and received messages of sympathy from the now Senators Voorhees and Pendleton. This information affords more evidence of how loyal to the Government in its dark days were the men who are now hallowing for constitutional Government and denouncing the Republican party's course and purposes.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

[illegible] furnish another illustration of the necessity of that party for blundering. There was a situation in which there could hardly have been a question as to which was the most politic course, which it hardly seemed possible for a party of ordinary intelligence to go wrong. The only thing to be gained under any circumstances by the course they have adopted is the possession for a short time of a few petty offices, which are of no value in a party sense and only an advantage to two or three individuals. To retain those men in place the party in the Senate has put itself in the attitude of obstructing the public business and interposing factious delays to the regular proceedings. It was already loaded with the discredit in public estimation of having the spoils of office its chief and almost only aim; and now, instead of doing something to redeem itself by gracefully yielding the places to which it had no futher claim, it takes just the course to increase popular suspicion and distrust. Suppose the obstructionists are successful in staving off the pending question and continuing the Senate subordinate officials a little longer in place, what do they gain by it? Is the party any stronger or in any better position? By no means. It is weakened by the odium incurred by their unusual tactics, while by emphasizing the fact that the Republican margin of majority is small and precarious they deprive themselves of the advantage of holding their opponents to a strict responsibility.

Had they been possessed of ordinary shrewdness and sagacity, instead of antagonizing the Republican nominations with this vicious stubbornness, they would have contented themselves with the usual forms of opposition and allowed the new officers to be installed without unnecessary delay. They would then have lost nothing but a few paltry offices, but would have had the advantage of putting their opponents in a position where their action required explanation and defence. It would have seemed on the face of it as though the Republicans had bargained with Mahone on the simple basis of a division of spoils, and saddled themselves with Gorham, Riddleberger and the other financial heretics as part of the trade. The business having been permitted to slip through unquestioned, the country, suddenly made aware that a Republican Senate had elevated that sort of politicians to office, and knowing nothing of the real motives of the transaction, would have been easily imposed upon by the assertion which could have been sent out immediately, that it was a simple case of bargain and sale in which the offices were the only consideration. So plausible an accusation might have been widely credited. The Republicans, put upon the defensive before the country instead of in the Senate, and forced to offer some explanation, might have found it difficult to prove to the people that it was an Anti-Bourbon alliance instead of a coalition for spoils, and that it looked to the accomplishment of a great and important political purpose instead of a mere parcelling out of offices.

Thanks to the proverbial Democratic capacity for blundering, the minority in the Senate have saved all this risk. The true motive of the alliance with the Anti-Bourbons has been brought out by the Bourbon Democrats in the Senate themselves. They have so illuminated the transaction by the bitterness of their hostility that it has hardly been necessary for the Republicans to proffer any additional explanation. The long debate has relieved the Republicans from the danger of having their action misunderstood by the people, or their motives misconstrued. So much has been gained already. The Senators who have paraded their insincerity in meaningless talk about the effect of an alliance between Republicans and Repudiators have only succeeded in exposing the real ground of their bitterness and demonstrating to the country the true significance of the Anti-Bourbon alliance. It is the sojourning of the Bourbons that has revealed not only the purpose of the combination but the Bourbon knowledge of that purpose and fear of its accomplishment. What do they care for Mahone as a Readjuster or Repudiator? Or what for the Republicans who they say disgrace themselves by associating with him? Not a straw. It isn't that which disturbs them. All this flutter is not because the credit of a State is in danger of being impaired or the reputation of a party of being smirched; those are things they are callous to. It is because the sturdiest blow yet struck is aimed at the Bourbon supremacy in the South, and they know that it means the beginning of the end of the Solid South.

The Senate debates, and especially the contributions of the Bourbon Senators thereto, with the newspaper discussions of the subject, have relieved Republicans of the necessity of explaining their position. For lifting them out of this embarrassment they have to thank once more the wonderful capacity of their opponents for blundering.

The True Sentiment.

The subjoined extract from a letter to the Memphis *Avalanche* so correctly sets forth the sentiment of the Southern Democracy that it should be published in every Republican journal in the North:

"As regards questions relating to the negro, we must have but one party, and that the Democratic party. White men who dare to avow themselves here as Republicans should be promptly branded as the bitter and malignant enemies of the South. The name of every Northern man, who presumes in this community to aspire to office through Republican votes, should be saturated with stench. We can spare all such, and would caution such as these who think of coming South to be careful to keep away. You, Mr. Editor, must hang out again your small-pox flag and rid our community of such vermin. You may think me a little bold in using such language upon the anniversary of our flight from the yellow fever in 1878. The North, to be sure, sent us some money, but we scorn the imputation of beggary. The north but returned a little of the money it stole from us during the war. No, sir, we must put an end forever to this shameless effrontery of Northern men or Republicans aspiring to office in the south. They must keep back seats, and very quiet ones, or get [illegible]

THE Culpeper (Va.) *Exponent*, a Democratic paper, and one of the most influential and widely circulated Journals in the southwest, backs up Mahone in his fight with Southern Bourbonism, and the Vicksburg *Herald* subscribes to the indorsement. As the *News* puts it: "If the political change represented by Mahone, at no loss of principle, should lead to a reciprocal action and reaction culminating in the breaking up of the solid North and the solid South the event would be a national blessing. The South and the country at large need more of the Mahone style of assuming a proper name and place in politics, and less of the Ben Hill ostracism and proscription that hisses and scorns the independent thinker for assuming his proper name and place."

IN HIS lecture on Civil Service Reform a few nights since, George William Curtis said that when Abraham Lincoln was President there used to be in Washington a broker in office, who for convenience sake Mr. Curtis called Jeremiah Jones. From early morning till late at night, at all hours, in fact, in all places, upon every opportunity, when the dangers threatening the country were at their height, Jeremiah Jones was very busy trying to secure a place for some scrub woman, a berth for some porter, a clerkship for another, a place in some department for some one else. Somebody asked the President how he spent his day, and Lincoln replied: "In the morning when I wake up the first thing I do is to pray, and then I look under the bed to see whether Jeremiah Jones is there, and thank God if he isn't."

ONE of the most sensational and remarkable escapes from prison took place at Goldsburg, North Carolina, recently. A convict named Kitchen Ginn, confined in the penitentiary at that place, occupied a cell with a sick companion. The companion died, and the body, after being shrouded, was placed in a coffin, and the undertaker went home to dinner. As soon as the door had been locked Ginn, who was in bed pretending to be sick, got out, took the dead man from the coffin, placed him in the bed, and got into the coffin himself. When the burial party returned they placed the coffin in a wagon and drove off without discovering the deception. Before they reached the burial ground the corpse began to roll and kick in the coffin, which so frightened the undertaker that he ran away, whereupon the man lifted the lid of the coffin and escaped.

THE legislative committee to find out what caused the Attorney General to give his late opinion on the salary question, has examined the Governor, State Treasurer and Auditor-General and discovered that the question embraced in the decision had been discussed in the executive department before the decision was rendered, and they are now ready to make their report. It is not stated in the dispatch whether the committee will recommend hanging or imprisonment for life as the punishment to be meted out to Palmer, but it is supposed they will advocate the death penalty, as his offense is so heinous in the eyes of the legislators. In the meantime the State Treasurer notifies them in view of the Attorney General's opinion he shall pay them only one thousand dollars for their valuable services this session, and that their threats of impeachment will have no affect on him.—*Bradford Era.*

NEW ORLEANS is the smallest in the first rank of American cities. She has lost her relative position and importance, and has gone down to the foot of the class. If she is to get back again it must be by learning her lessons. She must do as the others have done and are doing—accept the situation, go with the country's movement, range herself with the advance, and, in her practical common sense, forget the shadowy dream of a past that has gone forever. We may as well make up our minds to it. New Orleans, unless content to stay away down at the tail and see herself outstripped by cities of yesterday, must become a "Yankee city," just as New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Chicago are "Yankee cities." The Yankee cities are the rich and prosperous cities. They have found out how to grow and how to win. There can be no great city on the Continent of North America hereafter that is not a Yankee city. That is very certain. The Yankee cities somehow have the capital, the enterprise, the organising power, the skill that goes on.—*New Orleans Times (Dem.)*

THE Staunton Valley *Virginian*, which resisted all efforts to have the Republicans and Readjusters unite on a fusion electoral ticket last fall, half of the Electors to be chosen in the interest of Garfield and the rest to be composed of Hancock Democrats, and which has always been noted for its independence, is strongly supporting Senator Mahone in his present position. It says that it is well known in Virginia that General Mahone has betrayed no trust, has violated no pledge, proves false to no party obligation, and disappointed the expectations of not a single man in the party to which he owes his place, and it adds that it is not for any of these things that he has been attacked by the Bourbons. The latter fear him because they see in the principles involved, in the progressive ideas and policy proclaimed "the entrenchments of the Solid South broken and the defenses of the Democratic party destroyed." The *Virginian* adds, that "the great mass of the people of the South are at heart in sympathy with the movement. They have submitted to the party task, to the caucus mandate, because they were powerless to resist." It concludes with the declaration that Virginia is to be the chosen battlefield of the two civilizations: that the new and old ideas will clash at its election next fall, and is evidently has no doubt of an ultimate if not an early victory. These statements, coming from the leading and ablest Republican journal in the South, are important at this juncture. It is probable that the party in the Senate will stand to the guns.

THE Isle of Man is the first community to enfranchise women, who are allowed to hold property—the isle of women.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS

at the store of

WM. HASKILL & SON,

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

We have not the largest store in Smethport, but we have the LARGEST and BEST stock of GOODS.

We Are Daily Purchasing New Goods, And

OUR STOCK IS ALWAYS COMPLETE

WE KEEP AND SELL CHEAP

DRY GOODS AND DRESS GOODS,

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

GENTS' AND YOUTHS'

READY-MADE CLOTHING

HATS,

CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

FANCY AND STAPLE

GROCERIES

THANKING OUR PATRONS for past favors, we shall strive to deserve a continuance of their patronage by fair and honorable dealing. Call and be convinced that we deal squarely by everybody.

William Haskill & Son.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

Water Street, Smethport, Pa.

ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order.

HEADACHE & DYSPEPSIA

A CURE GUARANTEED, 25 CENTS BY USING

DR. METTAUR'S HEADACHE PILLS

DR. METTAUR'S HEADACHE PILLS will cure any kind of Headache in a few minutes. Will cure SICK HEADACHE in a few hours. Will cure NERVOUS HEADACHE in a few minutes. Will cure DYSPEPSIA by toning the system of stomach of bile, producing a regular healthy action of the bowels.

A full size box of these valuable PILLS, with full directions for a perfect cure, mailed to any address on receipt of nine 2-cent Postage Stamps. For sale by all Druggists.

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. Mention this paper.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist Smethport, Pa.

DR. HITCHCOCK'S

WORM DESTROYER

AN OLD AND TRIED REMEDY.

Removes the Worms and the conditions that keep them alive. We guarantee its virtues. We have hundreds of Testimonials, collected in the last 15 years, proving its actual cures. Have to-day received of Dr. Hitchcock a box of Worm Destroyer to remove the Worms (all kinds, Round, Pin, Long and Tape), that infest the human system. Experience may show and give them to fiends suffering with parasites. There is no humbug or quackery about this thoroughly reliable medicine. 50cts. per box.

A. W. WRIGHT & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Market and Front Streets, Philadelphia.

18-13t.

A Great Cause of Human Misery in the Loss

MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by self-abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," etc.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. We have also a cure for Tape Worm.

Address the Publishers, THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St., New York, N. Y.; Post Office Box 4586. 43-1y.

JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and dispatch. Prices reasonable. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Tags, Labels, Blanks, Pamphlets, Posters, Programmes, Ball Tickets, Dodgers, Checks, Drafts, Notes, Receipts, Orders for Express, Railroad or Steamboat Tickets, Visiting Cards, Wedding Cards, Business Cards, Shipping Cards, Address Cards, Colored Work, Bronze Printing, Ruling, Perforating, Numbering, Paging, Punching, Eyeletting, Stapling, Folding, Cutting, Binding, Blank Books, Pocket Books, Memorandums, Time Books, Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, Day Books, Record Books, Order Books, Receipt Books, Pass Books, Minute Books, Diaries, Etc., Etc., Etc., executed in the best manner and at the lowest rates at the MINER Office.

Fine Job Printing a Specialty.

THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN TOWN

TO BUY

Fresh Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Feed, Etc.,

IS AT

H. L. WILSON'S STORE,

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.,

For the benefit of those who PAY CASH and get great bargains in all kinds of

CHOICE Family Groceries,

PROVISIONS, ETC.

ALSO

Hams, Butter and Eggs Always Bought and Sold.

Teas, Coffees, Fruits, Willow and Wooden Ware.

Remember the place—the Wendel Store.

16-tf. H. L. WILSON.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

The Positive Cure

For all Female Complaints.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be realized. It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. Mention this paper.

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Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist Smethport, Pa.

J. W. REILLY

JOBBER AND GENERAL DEALER IN

Tobacco and Cigars,

PIPES, CIGAR CASES,

STATIONERY, &c.

Also, a Fine Stock of

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Constantly on Hand.

MAIN STREET, - - SMETHPORT, PA.

TO THE LADIES.

The Ladies of Smethport and vicinity are requested to call and examine the new and desirable stock of

MILLINERY GOODS

FALL AND WINTER STYLES

Just opened by MISS R. CARSON.

Ladies' Underwear, Hosiery, Fine Knitting, Laces, Yelling, Knitting Silk, Woolen Yarns, Etc.,

All orders promptly executed with neatness and dispatch.

Goods ordered when not on hand.

Prices warranted to please.

Miss R. CARSON.

Over Quigley & Maxfield's Station Hall, Main street, Smethport, Pa. 17-1y

HELP Yourselves by making Money when a golden chance is offered. Any way you may choose to employ your leisure hours or your whole time, there are many ways to make money. Some who start with almost nothing in capital, soon become wealthy. Many who are now rich, were poor when they began. Some of the most successful men in this country commenced life as poor boys. Many who might have been rich, remain in poverty. We want a number of men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business is new, pleasant, strictly honorable, and will pay those who engage liberally from the start. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full particulars and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

$10 Outfit furnished free, with full instructions for commencing the most profitable business that any person can engage in. The business is so easy to learn that our instructions are so simple and plain that any one can make great profits from the very start. No one who will be willing to work can fail to make enormous pay. Women are as successful as men. Boys make quite sums. Many have made at the business over one hundred dollars in a single week. Nothing like it ever known before. Those who engage are surprised at the ease and rapidity with which they are able to make money. You can engage in this business during your spare time or give your whole time to the work. Every one who sends us their address at once can depend on making money rapidly. You do not have to risk anything. It is entirely unlike all other business. All who need employment, should write to us at once. All successful. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

All kinds of Job Work done at this office.

L. W. MASON

Is daily receiving some of the finest HEATING STOVES ever brought to Smethport, which he is selling at Above cost, but for a small per cent. for cash.

SHELF GOODS.

A full line of shelf goods usually kept in a hardware store, and sold at the lowest possible price.

Step into Mason's and examine the RANGES manufactured by Quimby & Perry, Troy, N. Y. They are the finest in the market.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., April 14, 1881.

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

Lent is on the home stretch.

Vennor, you galoot, we repeat.

Wall paper at Specht & Sasse's. 19-tf.

Will some one call us when Spring sets in?

This is not a very lively court week for a criminal term.

Gen. Robert Halsey, of New York, is stopping in town.

Every variety and style of wall paper at Specht & Sasse's. 19-tf.

Apples are scarce at six dollars per barrel in Houston, Texas.

A large line of Carpets just received at A. B. Rowley & Co's. Eldred, Pa. 17-4t.

Headache cured for 25 cents by Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills. 19-4t.

Call and see the new Easter hats this day received at Mrs. Nash's, on Main street.

The 14th day of April and the hills which surround our little city are covered with snow.

If you wish a fine hand-made Shoe you can get it at A. B. Rowley & Co's. Eldred, Pa. 17-4t.

Hon. W. W. Brown and many other lawyers from Bradford are attending court this week.

Lester, of the Sunday *News*, smiled upon us Tuesday. He reports the *News* prosperous and happy.

—If you are in need of wall paper do not forget that Specht & Sasse have just received an immense stock. 19-tf

—A bill has passed the House at Harrisburg requiring school directors to allow teachers for attending institutes.

—Next Sunday is Easter. We state this for the information of fowls who seem to be sadly neglecting their duties.

—An exchange says that the ice in Lake Erie extends as far as the eye can reach, and shows no signs of breaking up.

—Walter, youngest son of James McNulty, died of spinal meningitis at his home in this borough on Friday morning last.

—Duke Centre is having "Jug Festivals." We suppose the next will be a bottle festival, and then they will all be jugged.

—Headache, all Bilious Disorders, Dyspepsia, and Constipation cured by Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills. Price 25 cents. 19-4t.

The Meadville *Vindicator*, Parson Plummer's paper, Greenback, has suspended—for want of more greenbacks. The fault was grievous. The good die young.

—Ex-President Hayes is said to be writing a history of his late administration. He is the proper person to write it for no one else will fool away his time doing it.

—Assessment cards for the Ancient Order of United Workmen printed at this office cheaper than it can be done elsewhere. Give us a trial and be convinced.

—A horse belonging to a Mr. Lee, of Duke Centre, died at the Wright House barns one day last week. Even Job, with all his patience and skill, could not save the poor creature.

The Colegrove and Marvin creek boys had a little "scrimmage" on the street Monday. All succeeded in getting knocked down, but no one was killed. Those Colegrove fellows can travel to beat all, can't they Kerne?

—Why don't Col. Forney employ Mahone to write a Democratic novel?—*Atlanta Constitution*. The Colonel wrote one himself once, and called it the Life of Hancock. It was not a success, and he has lost his faith in Democratic novels.

—Professor Proctor thinks there is no occasion for people to become nervous over the burning up of the planets by the heat of the sun. And indeed, it begins to look very much as if the Professor might be right. The heat of the sun is hardly perceptible.

—The recent marriage of two gentlemen from Detroit, Mich., at Lisbon, Portugal, with young ladies of the latter city, illustrates a peculiar fitness of things. What more appropriate than that Michiganders should thus unite their fortunes with Portugues?

—Mrs. T. D. Nash took the 6:30 train on Wednesday morning for New York, where she intends purchasing a large and carefully selected stock of goods. On her arrival in the city, Mrs. Nash will secure the services of a first-class trimmer from a leading house on Broadway to take charge of the millinery department the coming season. The trimmer is expected to arrive in town on Tuesday the 19th inst.

—The following synopsis of a law just passed by the Legislature, will be of interest to landlords in this county: "That after the passage of this act proprietors of hotels, boarding and lodging houses, in addition to the remedies now provided by law, shall have the right to attach wages due or owing to such persons as may be indebted to them for boarding not exceeding the amount of four weeks, and any sum so due may be attached, and shall not be paid to the defendant until the judgment so had for such amount as may be due upon such attachment shall be satisfied, and justices of the peace shall have jurisdiction of attachment in all cases for such purpose."

—Lin. Mason has just placed an elegant safe in his store. Lin. says he got it simply to use as a deposit for his books and not for the receptacle of money. He has hung a card on the knob giving the combination, and says he will not object to any one opening and examining his books if he or they will be kind enough to lock the safe after a thorough re-search is made.

—Here are Vennor's predictions for the remainder of spring: The spring will be fairly early, hot and dry, and the midsummer cool and wet. The autumn promises to be open, dry and wet. There is likely to be a great deal of sickness during the year, but the weather—except in a few isolated sections—will be favorable to agricultural pursuits. The winter of 1882 bids fair to be open and generally mild, with but a few storms.

—De Forest Weld was again arrested in New York last Saturday, at the instigation of John Johnson, of whom he obtained goods to the amount of $9,000, on what Johnson claims were false pretenses. Apropos of Weld's arrest at the instigation of Bates, Reed & Cooley, it is asserted that Weld's bondsmen did not come to the center as quickly as desirable, and Weld languished in Ludlow street jail for a day or two. This is the report.—*Olean Democrat*.

—The mills of Smith & Moore in Farmers Valley are no doubt the most perfect of any in the county. The facilities for grinding grain are all that could be wished, and the machinery throughout is perfect. On account of the excellent satisfaction given the public the mill of Smith & Moore is largely patronized not only by people in the immediate vicinity, but by large numbers living a long distance away. Those in need of good work in this line will do well to take their grain to Farmers Valley, and Casper will see that it is properly ground.

—When a person is far away from home, there is nothing that brings so much pleasure or gladness to his or her heart as a letter from the loved ones behind. "Letters from friends are like flower buds in June." Now a newspaper is better than a letter. It is an immense budget of news, and every person having relatives or friends at a distance, should gladden their hearts by sending them a copy of the home paper each week. It is a present that would carry joy with it, awaken the old recollections, more closely cement friendship, and prove a well-spring of joy and satisfaction to both the recipient and the donor.

—Concerning the approaching election of County Superintendents in Pennsylvania, the following paragraph from the *School Journal* is to the point: "It is clearly the duty of every Director at the coming election to give the support to the man who is best qualified for the office, regardless of the individual interests of the several candidates. The office should not be given to a man because he needs it financially, but to the one who will fill it most satisfactorily. It is bad economy to support the poor by putting them into office. To rob the children of an entire county for the purpose of affording a living to a man who is not qualified for the position is to say the least, cruel charity—a deed of pious crime."

For Rent.

Jas. Taylor farm. Refer to Mrs. L. T. Medbery or David Sterritt on Main street. 13-tf

Easter at the Episcopal Church.

The first celebration of the Holy Communion at 6 a. m. Second celebration of Holy Communion and sermon, at 11 a. m. Evening service, and sermon on the Resurrection, at 7:30 o'clock.

Lost.

A pocket-book containing $61 and other papers of no value to any one except the owner, was lost between the residence of Robt. King and Reilly's hotel. A suitable reward will be paid by leaving the same at this office.

Dentistry.

Dr. F. F. Lewis wishes to announce to the public that he will be at the Wright House on Monday, April 18, 1881, and remain during the week to administer to wants of those suffering from decayed teeth. Teeth removed without pain, and new sets furnished at reasonable rates and on short notice.

A sermon by the Pastor, ... the recession, in the ... o'clock slow time—and a general ... in the evening, in which the ... School children will participate as well as the congregation.

Everybody cordially invited to come and hear and participate in "rendering praise and thanksgiving unto the Lord" for His glorious resurrection.

The Sterling Company.

May Roberts and the Sterling Comedy Company held the boards at the Kittredge Opera House three nights this week. The programme was changed each night and gave the utmost satisfaction. We have not space to speak of the performances at length, and indeed it is useless to do so, for the reputation of the company is fully established. When we state that it is one of the best troupes traveling we say all that could be said in a column. They play at Aiken the balance of the week.

Forty-five Miles too Much.

Our Bradford daily contemporaries, in speaking of the extension of the Bradford branch of the Erie give the distance to Johnsonsburg from the present terminus of the road as 70 miles. This exhibits a lamentable ignorance of the country. As stated by us in a former article the distance from Battaville to Johnsonsburg, by Barnes' last survey, which runs directly across the Kinzua instead of around its head, is 25½ miles. The entire distance from Butterville to the mouth of Fall's creek, on the Low-Grade branch of the Allegany Valley R. R. is less than 60 miles.

New Mail Agent.

Mr. Walker, the Congressman from this district, has seen fit to appoint N. F. Allen, of Shingle House, Potter county, mail messenger on the McKean & Buffalo road. Petitions signed by influential citizens of this vicinity were forwarded Mr. Walker asking for the appointment of a capable person from this county, but he ignored them and steps into Potter for his man. Mr. Allen may be capable enough for the position, still he has no claims to the appointment, and we think he will soon become sufficiently emaciated on his paltry salary as to be glad to return to his native heath and "collar" his lock book.

Easter Day.

Easter, derived from a Saxon word meaning *to rise*, is the name given to the festival which commemorates the resurrection of Christ from the dead. It is always held on the Sunday after the full moon which immediately succeeds the 21st day of March, the vernal equinox. Easter occurs this year on April 17th. It cannot, according to the above rule, occur earlier than March 23d, nor later than April 25th. Since the Resurrection of Christ, His followers have always kept the first day of the week as the Lord's Day, because on that day He arose, so making, as it were, an Easter Day in every week, and every Sunday to be a day of joy and gladness.

So Easy.

A Bradford young man who wants to become a newspaper reporter, applied to an Eastern paper for a "sit," saying that he wished to be a journalist and asking what the duties of a reporter are. The editor in reply said through the columns of his paper: "Well, they are very simple. A newspaper reporter merely sits with his feet on the table and gets all the news by telephone. He doesn't skirmish all over the country and get blisters on his feet, nor get bluffed off or insulted, and he doesn't have fellows laying for him all the time. He's never poor, either, and he always wears good clothes, and boards at a first-class hotel. We would say to the young man, come and join the gang. Of course for a new beginner the salary would not be over $4,000 per year, but it might be increased by strict attention to business."—*Star*.

A Fatal Accident.—Marriage and Death.

Mr. H. N. Childs, an employee at Newman's steam saw mill at Larrabee, was fatally injured on Saturday, the 9th inst., and died on the following Monday. He was endeavoring to stop the bull-wheel with a pike lever which was drawn from his hold, hitting him across the bowels, from which he received internal injuries, though at the time he was not considered dangerous, but suffered much pain. His wedding day was to have been on Sunday, the next day after he was hurt, and he wished the ceremony to be performed and she, the bride, Miss Josephene Duryea, stood by his bedside and they were made man and wife by Oscar Carpenter, Esq., but the nuptial ties were of short duration as they only lasted twenty-four hours when they were severed by death.

Corydon News.

Our correspondent has this to say in regard to oil matters around that little hamlet, under date of April 12:

Nothing of any importance has revealed itself to my knowledge since my last communication. The oil tank spoken of, instead of being an 800-barrel one is to be of 1,800-barrels capacity, and it is quite a curiosity to the citizens of this lonely valley.

Well No. 1 is being pumped twice a day and her daily yield is sixteen barrels. A pipe connects the tank at the well with a large tank.

McHaffey & McIntyre intend drilling four more wells as soon as the rigs can be got in readiness. They have the promises of a pipe line to run their oil as soon as they have five producing wells completed.

Messrs. L. K. & E. N. Holmes are making extensive preparations at their saw mill for furnishing rig staff, and as soon as a little repairing can be done they will commence getting out the timbers for the rigs.

Mr. B. F. H. Morrison has a first-class water mill about one-half a mile down the stream, and is doing a lively business, having on hand a large stock of boards, plank, joist and studding.

There is a large amount of lumber to be run this Spring from this section. It is about all rafted, and as soon as there is a little more water in the river it will be shoved off. S. O. B.

—For legal blanks and fine job work come to the MINER.

Court Proceedings.

Following are the principal cases which have been disposed of up to the time of going to press:

Commonwealth vs. Thos. McKeon; larceny. Guilty.

Com. vs. Charles Nugent; riot and assault and battery. Prosecutors to pay costs.

Com. vs. Henry O'Neil; selling liquor without license. Acquitted and county to pay costs.

In the case of the Commonwealth against Thomas McKeon charged with false pretense, Commonwealth had no witnesses, and the Court instructed for an acquittal, leaving the question of costs with the jury. That body imposed the costs upon George Fone, the prosecutor.

Henry Ackland, Frank Clemmens and Charles Price were arraigned before the Court for breaking into the house of John A. Butterfield with felonious intent.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. E. M. Wheeler—A. W. Green, prosecutor, continued until Friday. It is for forcible entry and detainer, and involves the question of the title to some lands on Congress street, Bradford.

License petition of W. J. Slifer to transfer to Robert Orr and Chas. E. Johnson, granted and bond approved.

C. C. Johnson plead guilty to keeping a tippling house on a constable's return and was fined $50 and cost of prosecution, and stand committed until the same be complied with.

Arbella M. Marks vs. James Marks; subpoena in divorce awarded.

License petition of B. N. Knight transferred to Eugene Brink and bond approved.

Commonwealth vs. W. R. Lester. Defamatory libel; case continued until May term.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Boyd; Assault upon an officer; Abel Edick prosecutor. Verdict, guilty on second count.

Commonwealth vs. Josephine Nassis; nolle prosequi granted on payment of costs.

Com. vs. Joe Morrison; nolle prosequi granted on payment of costs.

Com. vs Nellie Bishop; nolle prosequi entered on payment of costs.

Com. vs. Annie Wilson; nolle prosequi entered on payment of costs.

Com. vs Anna Brown; nolle pros. granted on payment of costs.

Com. vs. Peter McDermont; nolle pros entered on payment of costs.

Com. vs. Mrs. Fairfax; nolle pros granted on payment of costs.

H. C. Claflin et al. vs. vs. De Forest Weld; feigned issue granted and ordered on head of next list after issue as per order filed and bond approved.

Frances Kelley vs. George W. Kelley; George P. Stone appointed commissioner.

"Tried as by Fire."

"James Brown has but a slight chance for life, John Reig has a better chance, and Andrew Brown will probably recover but we are not sure of either of them, yet," said Dr. Stewart last Monday evening in answer to inquiries. They are the victims of a most terrible accident that has yet happened in the Warren Oil District, and much interest has been aroused as to the result.

Last Saturday morning, April 9, at Stoneham, Calvin, James, and Andrew Brown, of Glade, well-known drillers, and John Reig, of Glade, were at well No. 4, Hertzel & Co. on the Baldensperger farm fishing for tools lost a few days before. They had only just fired up and commenced work when the well choked up with gas, the oil boiled over the casing head, the gas spouting with a mighty power. At this time James Brown started for the boiler, Cal. Brown stood near the derrick, and Andrew Brown and John Reig were in the engine house. The boiler was sixty feet from the derrick, and no particular danger was feared. Suddenly, just how cannot be explained, the volume of gas was driven to the fire, an explosion like the report of a cannon, followed, the engine house was blown to pieces, and the air was full of flame, the derrick being consumed in a few moments.

James Brown was in the very center of the fiery furnace, and emerged with his clothes burning fiercely. Cal. Brown ran to him and with difficulty put out the flames. Andrew Brown's and Reig's clothing were also on fire. Reig fell to the ground face downward, and Darius McGee, who came along at that time, tore the burning clothing off him. The sufferers were assisted to Boon McGee's house, and quickly cared for by Mrs. McGee, Miss Lena Myers and others.

James Brown and John Reig were terribly burned about face and body, though Reig's face, chest and stomach were somewhat protected by his lying on the ground. Andrew was severely burned about the face and hands. Cal. Brown was only burned on the hands. Dr. Stewart, of Warren, and Dr. Heath, of Clarendon, were summoned by telephone and arrived soon as possible, and everything needful was attended to. The three first named are burned internally, and the result may not be known for several days.

Sunday and Monday the men lay very quiet, bearing their sufferings bravely and patiently. The Brown Boys' relatives, and Reig's wife soon came to care for them, and several Stoneham people did all they could to assist.

Dr. Stewart gives much praise to Miss Lena Myers for her good work in caring for the injured men. "She isn't afraid of anything," and is the same brave little lady who carried two cans of glycerine from Tolles burning well last summer, when Boon McGee was so badly burned.

The burning oil ran down the hill, across the road and set fire to Clemons & Kirberger's rig but by great exertions was extinguished. The rig will be rebuilt as soon as possible and the well finished.—*Warren Mail*.

—We have a large and first-class stock of stationery at this office.

MARRIED.

STARWEATHER—RUSSEL.—At the residence of the bridegroom, in Corydville, on Wednesday, April 6th, 1881, Mr. Frank Starweather to Mrs. Jennie Russel.

DIED.

HAMMOND.—In Annin, March 23, 1881, Amanda M. Hammond, daughter of Daniel and Phebe Buckley, in the 35th year of her age.

Profit $1,200.

"To sum it up, six long years of bed-ridden sickness, costing $200 per year, total $1,200—all of this expense was stopped by three bottles of Hop Bitters, taken by my wife. She has done her own housework for a year since, without the loss of a day, and I want everybody to know it, for their benefit.'—*N. E. Farmer*. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 19-3t.

Grateful Women.

None received so much benefit, and none are so profoundly grateful and show such an interest in recommending Hop Bitters as women. It is the only remedy peculiarly adapted to the many ills the sex is almost universally subject to. Chills and fever, indigestion or deranged liver, constant or periodical sick headaches, weakness in the back or kidneys, pain in the shoulders and different parts of the body, a feeling of lassitude and despondency, are all readily removed by these Bitters.—*Observer*. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 19-3t

How it Was Done.

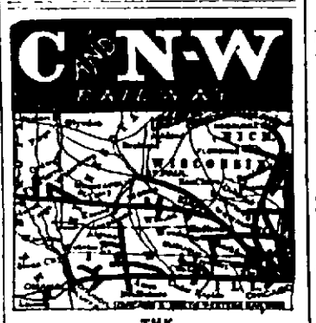
"How do you manage," said a lady to her friend, to appear so happy and good natured all the time? "I always have Parker's Ginger Tonic handy," was the reply, "and thus easily keep myself and family in good health. When I am well I always feel good natured." Read about it in another column. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 19-4t.

It is impossible for a woman after a faithful course of treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, to continue to suffer with a weakness of the uterus. Enclose a stamp to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for her pamphlets.

Why "We do it."

We offer you *Parmelee's Dyspepsia Compound* because we *know* it will cure you. We are tired of seeing that sad, dispirited air, tired of seeing you suffer so when you have only to use the compound to find speedy relief. We know that this disease, Dyspepsia, unless cured, may continue for years, embittering your life and leading to an early decline. Then secure the Compound and be once more restored to life and vigor. Price, $1 per bottle; sample bottle, 10c. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 19-4t.

MISCELLANEOUS.



THE

Chicago & Northwestern Rail'y

IS THE

OLDEST! BEST CONSTRUCTED! BEST EQUIPPED! AND HENCE THE

LEADING RAILWAY

OF THE

WEST & NORTHWEST.

It is the short and best route between Chicago and all points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Wyoming, Nebraska, California, Oregon, Arizonia, Utah, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, and for

Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver, Leadville, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Deadwood, Sioux City,

Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Columbus, and all points in the Territories, and the West. Also, for Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Marquette, Fond du Lac, Watertown, Houghton, Neenah, Menasha, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Huron, Yankton, Fargo, Bismarck, Winona, LaCrosse, Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin, and the Northwest.

At Council Bluffs the trains of the Chicago & Northwestern and the U. P. Rlys depart from, arrive at and use the same joint Union Depot.

At Chicago, close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Pittsburg and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk Rlys, and the Kankakee and Fan Handle Routes.

Close connections made at Junction Points. It is the only line running

PULLMAN HOTEL DINING CARS

BETWEEN

Chicago & Council Bluffs.

Pullman Sleepers on all Night Trains.

Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via the road. Examine your tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-western Railway.

If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route. AND WILL TAKE NO OTHER.

All Ticket Agents sell tickets by this line.

MARVIN HUGHITT,
19-1y V. P. & Gen. Man., Chicago.

C. V. GILLIS,

dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

Proposals.

TO BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS and OTHERS—The School Directors of Bradford district will let on the premises to the building of a school house (of brick) to the Custer City school house, to be located on the Rogers farm south of said line, on Friday, April 15, 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m. as the lowest or any bidder, but reserving to themselves the right to reject the lowest or any bid. Specifications can be seen Monday next at the MINER office in Smethport.

By order of the Board.
J. C. YOUNG, Clerk.
Custer City, Pa., April 6, 1881. 19-2t.

Orphans' Court Sale.

ESTATE OF JAMES TAYLOR, DECEASED.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of McKean county, to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Friday the 6th day of May, 1881, the following piece or parcel of land situate in Wetmore township in said county: A tract of land bounded and containing forty acres in sub-division No. 331, of Warrant 1 Pa. 3031.

Terms of sale—Cash on confirmation.

LOUISA T. MERRITT,
Administratrix.
19-3t.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and Fastest Selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

W. N. RUBIN,

Dealer in

Gold and Silver Watches,

—JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.—

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all manner of

ENGRAVING

and such work as belongs to the trade.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

I have also on hand a fine assortment of

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

DRUGS,

PATENT MEDICINES.

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa.

ALFRED STURDVEINT

Has removed his

BARBER SHOP

Into the front part of I. S. Gleason's store.

Main St., SMETHPORT, PA.,

Where he has improved facilities for

SHAVING & HAIR-DRESSING

—Also dealer in—

TOBACCO & CIGARS

LEGAL.

Financial Statement

Of Hamlin township for the year 1880:
Late Supervisor Wm. Hafner in account with Hamlin township:

	Dr.
To orders from County Com'rs	$ 800 00
To balance draft	135 26
To cash rec'd on seated duplicate	6 00
	Cr.
By moneys expended	$415 10
Balance due town	130 67
Seated duplicate	116 31
Due on seated duplicate	43 98

Late Supervisor Ira Wartle in account with Hamlin township:

	Dr.
To order from County Com'rs	$300 00
To balance draft	726 98
To cash rec'd on seated duplicate	160 26
	Cr.
By money expended	$471 74
Balance due town	304 44
Seated duplicate	304 26
Due on duplicate	6 80
Exonerated	2 25
Samuel Barnes, town treasurer,	Dr.
To	$1,85 00
By bills presented	16 00
Balance due town	137 66

J. D. HARRIS,
C. K. BURLINGAME,
Auditors.

List of Traverse Jurors

Drawn for Court of Oyer and Terminer of McKean County, to be commenced for Adjourned Term 1881, commencing the 2nd Monday of April, 1881.

Blakeslee John, Bradford Township.
Briggs Simon, Otto Township.
Barber T. F., Ceres Township.
Bronson Grant, Liberty Township.
Barton Charles, Bradford Township.
Baldwin Henry, Bradford City.
Barton H. C., Otto Township.
Bradley Thomas, Annin Township.
Bolton Putney, Bradford City.
Carl Zeck, Keating Township.
Coyne John, Bradford City.
Crocker Benjamin, Ceres Township.
Corwin Frank, Smethport.
Cooper Silas A., Annin Township.
Dillesbeck Moses, Annin Township.
Downs Wm., Liberty Township.
Douglass E. E., Kendall Borough.
Evans J. P., Norwich Township.
Eddy Wm., Lafayette Township.
Fisher William R., Kendall Borough.
Fuller F. M., Bradford City.
Haines E., Bradford City.
Howard Theron, Bradford Township.
Howard E. N., Bradford Township.
Harder Hiram, Annin Township.
Howard David Jr., Annin Township.
Hall George, Lafayette Township.
Henry John, Keating Township.
Hazeltine B., Bradford Township.
Hughes A. J., Liberty Township.
Hibbard H. W., Keating Township.
Jones Charles, Wetmore Township.
Kinney J. B., Annin Township.
Kingsbury H. N., Bradford Township.
Lyman Gilbert, Smethport.
Mellenz James, Lafayette Township.
McElroy Robt., Kendall Borough.
McLeod G. W., Otto Township.
Mason J. B., Bradford Township.
Olry J. D., Kendall Borough.
Nerlon Patrick, Ceres Township.
Orbett J. B., Norwich Township.
O'Keefe Dennis, Bradford City.
Phenix L. J., Annin Township.
Robinson George, Eldred Township.
Soltze D. M., Liberty Township.
Vanderkle J. R., Liberty Township.
White J. E. B., Hamlin Township.

R. BARTWELL, Sheriff.
O. P. COON, } Jury
N. C. GALLUP, } Com'rs.

ATTEST:
JNO. J. ROBARTS, Clerk.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hons. W. A. BROWNELL and P. W. SHERMAN, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean, have issued their precept bearing date Friday, December 31, 1880, and to me directed, for holding Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, and Quarter Sessions, in the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 11th day of April, A. D. 1881, and continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, March 3rd, A. D. 1881, and in the 105th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

R. BARTWELL, Sheriff.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

I employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,

And my work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, being both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT MY SHOP and I will convince you that I can do better by you than can any foreign dealers.

I. S. GLEASON

Smethport, Pa., April 24, 1879

COME TO STAY!

BergstresseR,

THE ARTIST,

Has returned to Smethport, and is ready to take the pictures of the people by whatever name or result. He has come to stay, and will furnish

PHOTOGRAPHS

OR

FERREOTYPES

Life-Like and Well Finished,

at old and new patrons, at reasonable rates. For the present he will occupy the old "Smith Hall Gallery" until he can put up a new building.

LARABEE GREENHOUSE,

has more plants than ever, and finer.

Winter Blooming Plants

IN MANY VARIETIES.

Cut Flowers to Order or in Designs.

J. C. HAMLIN & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,

OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

KINGSFORD'S

OSWEGO

PURE

AND

SILVER GLOSS

STARCH

For the Laundry, is the best and most economical in the world. It perfectly pures, from linens and cottons of new fabrics, to the finest laces. It is stronger than any other, requiring much less quantity in using. It imparts a beautiful finish to clothes, and will not injure the most delicate fabric. Kingsford's Patented Lace Starch gives perfection. Prepared only by T. KINGSFORD & SON, Oswego, New York. Ask your grocer for Kingsford's Oswego Starch, and see that you get it, as inferior kinds are often substituted.

Sold by all first-class Grocers everywhere.

T. KINGSFORD & SON, Oswego, New York.
dec23-3m

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WILLIAMSPORT, Penn'a, Feb'y 28, 1881.

All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the unsold lands of this estate without proper authority therefor. An unauthorized entry upon the lands of the undersigned, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, articles, or leases. They should give exact descriptions of the lands which they refer, and the contracts and leases between them and the undersigned should show their boundaries. All claims to rights on said lands by reason of title by estate, otherwise than held by such evidences are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

(V18-n16 13.)

Proposals.

TO BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS and OTHERS—The School Board of Bradford district will let, on the premises, to the lowest and best bidder (but reserving to themselves the right to reject the lowest or any bid) the building of a school house (similar to the Rockwell Run, school house) on Rutherford Run, about one mile south from the main road to Bradford, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of April, 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m. precisely. Specifications can be seen at the MINER office at any time, and at place and time of letting. The contractor to find and material. By order of the Board.

J. C. YOUNG,
Secretary to Board of Directors.
Smethport, Pa.

Jottings.

"Not dead but gone abroad" is the inscription on a Deadwood tombstone.

The boarder who passed his plate the second time for cutlet, revealed a strong appetite.

Any girl has a right to look at a milliner's window and wish she had a rich husband.

New York *Mail*: The only remedy for a lady of short stature is to get spliced as soon as possible.

It is remarkable how physicians love music. One hardly ever comes without bringing a violin.

Those beings are fit only for solitude who like nobody, are like nobody, and are liked by no body.

A Gentleman objected the other evening to playing cards with a lady, because, he said, she had such a winning way about her.

"Is woman's highest sphere of duty at the cradle or at the ballot-box?" Frank Dundore says it depends upon which she can fill the better.

"I'm afraid that bed is not long enough for you," said a landlord to a seven-foot guest. "Never mind," he replied, "I'll add two more feet to it when I get in."

"But Freddie, how could you think of calling auntie stupid? Go to her and tell her immediately that you are sorry." Freddy goes to auntie and says, "Auntie I am sorry you are stupid."

A young lady who didn't admire the custom in vogue among her sisters of writing a letter, and then cross-writing it to illegibility, said she would prefer her epistle "without an overskirt."

"What do you suppose Lot thought when he beheld his poor wife turned to a pillar of salt?" "I suppose," replied our wit, with admirable gravity, "he thought how he could get himself—a fresh one."

A few years since, at the celebration of our National Anniversary, a poor peddler who was present, being called upon for a toast, offered the following: "Here's health to poverty; it sticks to man when all his friends forsake him."

More college wit: There are twelve thousand new words ready for the revised edition of Worcester's Dictionary. With such facilities writers of foreign editorials and others will have little difficulty in making themselves misunderstood.

A Cincinnati man found a rough-looking individual in his cellar. "Who are you?" he demanded. "The gas man come to take the meter," was the reply. "Great heaven!" cried the householder. "I hoped you were only a burglar."

The President wears a full beard and mustache, and inclines to baldness; Secretaries Blaine and Hunt are gray-haired; Mr. MacVeagh parts his hair in the middle and has a handsome mustache; and Secretary Lincoln has a fine short beard slightly parted.

A man will eat soggy biscuits twice a week without complaint when his girl invites him out to tea; but when the girl becomes his wife, if there is the least suspicion of saleratus in them the neighbors will think a ward convention is being held near by, by the racket he makes.

Progress of the Telegraph.

In 1844 there were 40 miles of line and no wires.

In 1848 there were 2,000 miles of line and 3,000 miles of wire.

In 1853 there were 14,675 miles of line and 32,018 miles of wire.

In 1860 there were 17,582 miles of line and 26,375 miles of wire.

In 1866 there were 29,413 miles of line and 50,294 miles of wire.

In 1870 there were 53,403 miles of line and 107,245 miles of wire.

In 1877 there were 111,652 miles of line and 257,974 miles of wire.

In 1880 there were 142,351 miles of line and 350,018 miles of wire.

The first line of telegraph in the United States was established between Baltimore and Washington in 1844. This was the Morse plan, which has since become the almost universal system of the world. Fifty million messages were sent during the year 1880. The companies employ 34,000 persons and 14,000 offices.

Some Men's Luck.

General Gordon was severely wounded four times in one battle and within an hour, and lived to fight again; and this is only a specimen of the singular good luck that attended some men. In 1864 a Michigan cavalryman named Drake was out foraging in the Shenandoah Valley in company with a comrade named Cooper. Cooper was in a smoke-house after meat and Drake was on guard at the door when thirteen Confederates suddenly appeared. They were mounted, and advanced at a gallop, part of them firing as they rode up. One bullet found a suitable opening in the stone wall of the smoke-house and flew in and killed Cooper dead in his tracks. Drake was standing beside his horse, and his saddle was hit by three bullets, one of which glanced through his hat. As soon as the trooper could realize what had happened he swung himself into his saddle and dashed at the circle around him. The moment he happened in view he was a target for carbine and pistol. His horse made a rush at the line, but was driven back. Followed by Cooper's horse he galloped around and across a circle not over 100 feet across, all the time under a steady fire by the Confederates. This fire was soon returned by Drake, who fired away seven cartridges and then drew his sabre. His seven bullets, as afterwards vouched for, killed two men, wounded two more, and killed one horse. His fire broke the circle and he got out of it, but for thirty rods, as he made off, he was exposed to the fire of nine or ten men. Cooper's horse was killed in the circle, while Drake's was hit no less than nine times and yet not disabled. As for the rider, his comrades, on his return to camp, counted up a record of a truly miraculous escape. Three bullets struck his scabbard, two his hat, four went through his clothing, one burned his cheek, one raked his knee, and two hit his left boot. While one single bullet killed the one trooper, the other had sixteen fired point blank at him and yet did not lose a drop of blood. Cooper's horse was killed by one bullet, while nine fell-ed to dumble the larger and more exposed animal.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Iowa's butter and cheese product last year was worth $10,000,000.

A Custom-House Scare.

A writer in a contemporary describes a terrible scare that upset the Custom-House authorities in Venice, some time since. There came to the city a curiously-shaped box, and this contained a still more curiously-shaped contrivance—implement—instrument—article, which gravely alarmed the Custom-House officers, who sent for their superiors, who in turn sent for the police. The thing was made of leather, and upon it some extraordinary lumps or elevations. At length an astute official hit upon the idea—it was an infernal machine! This was just about the time of the Bremerhaven explosion, and every one was on the lookout for one of these dreaded objects. What to do nobody knew. In the end a reckless porter was bribed to carry the article to an outhouse, and there it reposed for some days, the most daring of those who had the right to approach looking through the window furthest away from the terrible affair to see whether it looked as if it were going to explode. Their main object was, of course, to catch the criminal who sent it, and one day the desperate villain—an English officer—arrived, and actually dared to complain of delay in forwarding the machine. He said it was not an infernal machine at all—simply his wife's side-saddle. So it was; and for the first time in their lives the Custom-House authorities were made acquainted with what in Venice was more than a novelty.

Modes of Walking.

An ingenious contemporary gives the following summary of the different modes of walking adopted by those who go to and fro upon the earth:

Observing persons move slowly, their heads move alternately from side to side while they occasionally stop and turn around.

Careful persons lift their feet high and place them down slowly; pick up some little obstruction and place it down quickly by the side of the road.

Calculating persons generally walk with their hands in their pockets and their heads slightly inclined.

Modest persons generally step softly for fear of being observed.

Timid persons often step off the sidewalk on meeting another, and always go around a stone instead of stepping over it.

Wide-awake persons "toe out," and have a long swing to their arms, while their hands move about miscellaneously.

Careless persons are forever stubbing their toes.

Lazy persons scrape about loosely, with their heels, and are first on one side of the sidewalk and then on the other.

Very strong-minded persons place their toes directly in front of them, and have a kind of stamp movement.

Unstable persons walk fast and slow by turns.

One idea persons toe in.

Cross persons are apt to knock their knees together.

Good-natured persons snap their finger and thumb together every few steps.

A Sorely Afflicted Woman.

A Boston paper alleges that a young lady of that city is "ossifying." Some time ago she was afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism in the right shoulder, both wrists and right ankle, which was immediately followed by anchylosis, or hardening of the joints, and was excruciatingly painful. About this time she had a fall, breaking her shoulder and wrists and disturbing for a time the process of joint distortion that was continually going on. After the inflammation and swelling had subsided, deprived of the gelatinous fluid which enables them to perform their office, commenced to ossify and to be drawn out of shape, until she was taken to the hospital, had the anchylosis broken and the limb straightened. Last October her left knee began to contract, and, to increase her agony, she was taken with typhoid fever, which left her too weak for any surgical operation, and the invalid is now suffering, in connection with her other ills, catarrhal pneumonia. She has had her limb broken at the knee-joint to destroy the anchylosis, and her body is now terribly distorted. She possesses a sweet, cheerful face, full, round, handsome eyes, a flood of rich brown hair, and a bright, clear flushed complexion—a perfect picture of health. She is usually cheerful and lively, but is given to crying spells, seeming thus to find vent to her agony of pain. She takes no nourishment, and for all this she is perfectly resigned to her condition.

Tobitha and Parthenia.

Several years ago Tobitha Scraggs and Parthenia Maplewood, two Cleveland girls, worked in a kitchen. Tobitha married a well-to-do mechanic; Parthenia married a millionaire. Several days ago these two women met for the first time since they worked together.

'I am very glad to see you,' said Tobitha; 'time makes no difference in my friendship.'

'I remember how we used to throw pieces of biscuit at each other and giggle,' continued Tobitha,

'I thank you very much,' said Parthenia.

'And, Parthenia, I want you to come and see me. I don't live in a grand house, with marvelous trees and enviable walks, but I've got such a pleasant place.'

'I thank you very much,' said Parthenia, with a thick shadow of dissatisfaction on her face; 'I thank you very much; but think of your apartments."

'Oh, well,' replied Tobitha, pretending not to observe the allusion to the difference of situation, 'I had not thought of that, but the difficulty shall be obviated. If you feel a delicacy in regard to my parlor, don't let that put you out, for to keep you in your natural element I'll send the servant away and receive you in the kitchen. You needn't turn up your nose, Parthenia, for you know when we used to slash biling suds and hack hash.'

But Parthenia had fainted. A blue mark around her mouth told of the violent struggle.

Hair Whitened by Disappointed Love.

A young lady whose womanly qualities had made her the mark of much attention from gentlemen, to one of whom she had plighted her troth, had her hair turn from a glossy brown to white. This evidence of poignant grief was caused by the base action of her lover. He is a young man, moving in Little Rock's highest social circles a short time

At the ERICK STORE, Cor. Main and Diamond streets.

CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND

The best stock of STOVES,

RANGES AND TINWARE.

The best stock of NAILS, IRON

AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

The best stock of OILS VARNISHES

AND WHITE LEAD.

The best stock of LAMPS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.

The best stock of WOODEN WARE,

BROOMS AND GLASS.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE

A Specialty.

REMEMBER—I can't call on you individually, take your orders and then send for the goods, but I CARRY A STOCK for the benefit of my customers, and I will not be undersold for cash.

M. A. SPRAGUE.

HOW TO BE YOUR OWN LAWYER

F. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Law Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful indiscretion causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple and sure means, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

$2 Outfit and free to those who want to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Agents are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls make great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 49-1

MASON AND HAMLIN ORGANS Have just two and a quarter years more. Best Cabinet or Parlor organs in the world. Winners of highest distinction at every world's fair for thirteen years. Prices $51, $57, $66, $81, $100, to $500 and upward. Also for easy payments, as low as $4 per month. Send for illustrated catalogue free. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont St., Boston; 46 East 14th St., Union Square, New York; 250 Wabash Avenue, Chicago.

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine.

Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine is a positive cure for spermatorrhœa, impotency, weakness and all diseases resulting from self-abuse, as nervousness, debility, irritability, mental anxiety, languor, lassitude, depression of spirits and functional derangements of the nervous system generally, pains in back or side, loss of memory, premature old age and diseases that lead to consumption, insanity and early grave, or both. No matter how long standing or how shattered the nervous system may be from excesses of any kind, a short course of this medicine will restore the lost health and happiness, where before was despondency and gloom. The Specific Medicine is folly warranted to effect a cure. The Specific Medicine is folly warranted to effect a cure. The Specific Medicine is folly warranted to effect a cure.

Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars. Price, Specific, $1.00 per package, or six packages for $5.00. Will be sent by mail on receipt of money. Address all orders, J. B. Simpson's Medicine Co., Nos. 104 and 106 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold in Smethport by A. B. Armstrong. 49-1y

TO ADVERTISERS.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S

SELECT LIST OF LOCAL NEWSPAPERS

An advertiser who spends upwards of $5,000 a year, and who invested less than $300 in this list, writes: "Local List paid me better than all the other advertising I did."

IT IS NOT A CO-OPERATIVE LIST.

IT IS NOT A CHEAP LIST.

IT IS AN HONEST LIST.

The catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. The list gives the population of every town and the circulation of every paper.

The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publishers' schedule. The price for single insertion ranges from $2 to $60. The price for one inch one month in the entire list is $405. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are $2,205.00. The list includes 925 newspapers of which 187 are issued Daily and 764 Weekly. They are located in 736 different cities and towns, of which 36 are State Capitals, 263 places of over 5,000 population, and 587 County Seats. For copy of List and other information address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York. 31-1y.

JEWELRY

of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES

AND

EYE-GLASSES,

TOYS,

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

against the world for time and money

All Kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

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MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

W. S. BROWNELL & SONS,

Dealers in

Dry Goods & Groceries,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Etc.

SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and Fastest Selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 49-1y

127 Union Street,

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GROCERS,

Dealers in Patent Process Flour, buckwheat flour, graham, oatmeal, cracked wheat, hominy, pearl barley, Dold's hams, pork, bacon and lard, salt fish, canned peaches, pears, peas, corn, tomatoes, beans, lobsters, and salmon. The best teas and coffees in the market—roasted mocha, java, maracaibo and rio. Six grades Japan tea a specialty at 50c. Gunpowder tea, Young Hyson, English breakfast, Formosa and Oolong. English currants, cherries, prunelles, evaporated peaches, apples and corn, raisins, celery sauce, chow chow, mixed pickles, French mustard, salad cream, Olives' jellies, macaroni, vermicelli, farina, tapioca, sago.

Will quote prices and send samples on application.

Goods sold for CASH only and as low as is consistent with honest QUALITY and *honest quantity*.

No poor nor stale goods to work off.

A clean store and fresh goods.

tf-3mo

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,

COURTLAND PLATFORMS,

ROAD WAGONS,

CARRIAGES,

AND SLEIGHS,

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT, March 10, 1881.—tf.

LIVERY

and

Exchange Stables

At The Wright House Barn.

FRANK VICKERY, Proprietor.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

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AND

Exchange Stables

AT THE BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

FORD R. KNAPP, Proprietor.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

CANCERS CURED

AT CRANE'S CANCER INFIRMARY, ADDISON, N. Y.

HUNDREDS of PERSONS from all parts of the world have been cured of this much dreaded disease and are now living witnesses that they have been rescued from a terrible and lingering death. Doctors, Ministers and the Poor treated free. Write for a Circular giving full particulars. Address Drs. CRANE & RUSH BROWN, Addison, N. Y. 48-1y

LOTS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES

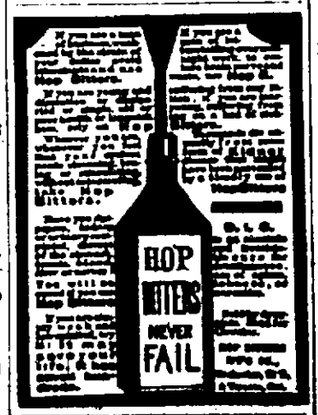
—AT—

Farmers' Valley Depot.

The undersigned is prepared to lease very eligible lots for building and business purposes at Farmers' Valley depot, on reasonable terms. For further information call upon or address

ADAM BROCKAM,

May 8, 1879-tf Farmers' Valley, Pa.



JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and dispatch. We are constantly adding to our stock the latest styles of type and facilities for doing cheap printing.

Builder & Contractor.

STAIR BUILDING AND FINE JOINERY A SPECIALTY.

Jobbing and Repairing Promptly Attended to

WRIGHT HOUSE,

Tf. SMETHPORT, PA.

A. WARREN HOLBROOK,

—PRACTICAL DECORATOR IN—

Paper Hanging, Water Colors,

Etc., Both in House and Office.

Fancy Sign Writing a Specialty.

Orders can be left with Messrs. King & Gifford 39-tf.

Profitable Reading for Everybody

Business men and women, merchants, mechanics, farmers, ministers, students, and all who are dissatisfied with the present country of your work? Don't digest intermittent, laborious, and

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

Are you confined from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, or any ailment? If you have a pimple on your face, you need blood purifier. If you feel cough or bad cold, you need

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

If you are constantly over your proper weight, or under proper weight, you need

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

If you are troubled with Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Headache, Backache, Kidney Complaint, Weakness of any kind, you need

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

It Has Saved Hundreds of Lives; It May Save Yours.

Buy a get bottle of your druggist, and to avoid counterfeits be sure you get Parker's. Take no other. Sold by druggists. Manufactured by HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

Parker's Hair Balsam, Beauty Restored. The Best & Most Successful Hair Dressing. Contains only ingredients that can benefit the hair and scalp. One Dollar will be found far more satisfactory than any other preparation. It Never Fails to Restore Gray or Faded Hair to the original youthful color and is guaranteed to remove dandruff, prevent baldness and stop falling of the hair. *Sold by druggists at 50 cents.*

PENSIONS

ARE PAID every soldier disabled in the service of the United States in the late war. Widows, Children, Brothers, Sisters, Parents, Grandchildren, and Grandparents are now entitled to pensions under the new law. Soldiers who have applied and been rejected can have their claims prosecuted under the new law. Soldiers who have lost an eye, a finger, a hand, a leg, a foot, or any part of the body, or who are ruptured, are entitled to pensions. Widows, children, brothers, sisters, parents, grandchildren, and grandparents of deceased soldiers are entitled to pensions. Send for new law and blanks. Address P. M. FITZGERALD & CO., Pension Attorneys, Washington, D. C. Office, 1 Fifth Street, Washington, D. C. Opposite Patent Office. Mention this paper.

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 7, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 19, 1881-tf.

SMETHPORT BAKERY.

M. H. PICARD'S

BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY,

FINE TEAS,

Also Dealer in

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

SMETHPORT, PA.

Special attention given to orders from private families.

ESTEY ORGANS.

RICHEST AND PUREST TONE. NEW AND ATTRACTIVE STYLES. Best Discounts for Cash or Instalments. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

EUGENE L. SMITH,

SOLE AGENT FOR M'KEAN COUNTY. 103 Main Street, BRADFORD, PA. Next Door to Iron Tank Building.

A. REILLY,

Contractor in Stone Masonry, Brick Work, Lathing and Plastering.

LIME,

LATH,

PLASTER and

PLASTERING HAIR,

Furnished at the LOWEST RATES. 36-tf

Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, now ready to attend to calls from town or country.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD Time table went into effect Monday, April 5, 1880, at 6 o'clock a.m.

SOUTHWARD.

MAIL—Leaves Lorraine 11.30 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 11.45; Corry's, 11.55; Farmers Valley 12.30; Smethport, 12.55 p. m., Cooper, 1.20; Clarendon, 1.35; Hamlin, 1.50; Westerman, 2.05; Clermont, 2.25.

EXPRESS, No. 4.—Leaves Lorraine 1.50 p.m., arriving at Frisbee 2.05; Corry's 2.20; Farmers Valley 2.35; Smethport 3.05 p. m.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 6.—Leaves Lorraine 6.00 a.m., arriving at Frisbee 6.10; Corry's 6.25; Farmers Valley 6.35; Smethport 6.55.

LOCAL, No. 10, second class.—Leaves Lorraine 3.55 p.m., arriving at Frisbee 3.30; Corry's 4.00; Farmers Valley 4.15; Smethport 4.35; Cooper 4.45; Colegrove 4.55; Hamlin 5.05; Westerman 5.20; Clermont 5.35.

CLERMONT COAL, Second Class, No. 20.—Leaves Lorraine 8.05 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 8.30; Corry's 8.50; Farmers Valley 9.05; Smethport 9.35; Cooper 9.50; Colegrove 10.00; Hamlin 10.10; Westerman 10.20; Clermont 10.35.

NORTHWARD.

EXPRESS, No. 1.—Leaves Clermont 8.40 a. m., arriving at Westerman 8.55; Hamlin 9.05; Colegrove 9.20; Cooper 9.30; Smethport 9.55; Farmers Valley 10.20; Corry's 10.40; Frisbee 10.55; Lorraine 11.05.

MAIL, No. 5.—Leaves Clermont at 1.22 p. m., arriving at Westerman 1.37; Hamlin 1.47; Colegrove 1.55; Cooper 2.05; Smethport, 2.15; Farmers Valley 2.35; Corry's 2.50; Frisbee 3.05; Lorraine 3.15.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 9.—Leaves Smethport, 9.30 a.m., arriving at Farmers Valley 9.55; Corry's 10.05; Frisbee 10.20; Lorraine 10.30.

LOCAL AND ACCOM., No. 12.—Leaves Smethport 4.30 p.m., arriving at Farmers Valley 4.55; Corry's 5.05; Frisbee 5.20; Lorraine 5.45.

BUFFALO COAL, No. 17.—Leaves Clermont at 4.40 p.m., arriving at Westerman at 4.55; Hamlin 5.05; Colegrove 5.20; Cooper 5.30; Smethport 5.55; Farmers Valley 6.20; Corry's 6.35; Frisbee 6.50; Lorraine 7.05.

Trains will not stop at stations marked thus a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

A. V. GODDEN, Superintendent.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, NOV. 7th, 1880, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

NIAGARA EXP. leaves Phila.		9 00 a.m.
" "	Renovo	3.40 p.m.
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		1.00 a.m.
" "	Renovo	11 05 a.m.
" "	Emporium	1 20 a.m.
" "	St. Mary's	2 12 a.m.
" "	Kane	3 45 a.m.
" arr. at Erie		7 45 a.m.

EASTWARD.

DAY EXPRESS leaves Renovo		10 05a. m
" arr. at Philad'a		6.15p. m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		11.55a. m
" "	Kane	4 10 p m
" "	St. Mary's	5 50 p m
" "	Emporium	6 45 p m
" "	Renovo	8 00 p.m.
" arr. at Philadelphia		7 05 a.m.

Wm. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

BRADFORD, BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD Time Table. Taken effect Monday, December 20, 1880.

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	1	3	5	7
	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Bradford.....Dep	7 00	9 45	1 45	5 00
Erie Crossing	7 04	9 49	1 49	5 04
Tippett	7 16	10 01	2 00	5 15
Chapin	7 20	10 05	2 05	5 19
Hazlewood	7 26	10 11	2 11	5 25
Forest	7 30	10 15	2 15	5 29
Turpet	7 37	10 22	2 22	5 36
Maplewood	7 41	10 26	2 27	5 40
Kinzua Junction	7 45	10 30	2 30	5 45
Melvina	7 55	10 40	2 40	5 55
Middle City	8 00	10 45	2 45	6 00
McCalmont	8 04	10 49	2 49	6 04
Row City	8 08	10 53	2 53	6 08
Bordell.....Ar.	8 20	11 05	3 05	6 20
Bordell.....Dep	8 30	11 15	3 15	6 30
Allens	8 34	11 19	3 19	6 34
Aikon	8 38	11 23	3 23	6 38
Dawes District	8 42	11 27	3 27	6 42
Van Loon's	8 46	11 31	3 31	6 46
Simpson	8 53	11 38	3 38	6 53
Crosby's	8 57	11 42	3 42	6 57
Smethport.....Ar	9 00	11 45	3 45	7 00

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	2	4	6	8
	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Smethport.....Dep	6 30	9 15	1 15	4 30
Crosby's	6 37	9 22	1 22	4 37
Simpson	7 37	10 00	2 00	5 17
Van Loon's	7 41	10 04	2 04	5 21
Dawes District	7 45	10 08	2 08	5 25
Aikon	7 49	10 12	2 12	5 29
Allens	7 53	10 16	2 16	5 33
Bordell.....Ar	8 00	10 23	2 23	5 40
Bordell.....Dep	7 30	10 00	1 55	5 10
Row City	7 42	10 12	2 07	5 22
McCalmont	7 47	10 16	2 11	5 26
Middle City	7 51	10 20	2 15	5 30
Melvina	7 56	10 25	2 21	5 35
Kinzua Junction	7 45	10 30	2 30	5 45
Maplewood	7 56	10 39	2 39	5 54
Taylor	7 57	10 40	2 42	5 55
Forest	8 00	10 45	2 45	6 00
Hazlewood	8 06	10 51	2 51	6 06
Chapin	8 09	10 54	2 54	6 09
Tarport	8 13	10 58	2 58	6 13
Erie Crossing	8 17	11 02	3 02	6 17
Bradford.....Ar	8 20	11 15	3 15	6 20

Trains will be run by New York time.

During Court week the 4.30 p. m. train will be held at Smethport until 6.00 p. m.

All Passenger Trains make direct connections at Kinzua Junction with trains to and from Row City and Bordell.

SUNDAY TRAINS leave Bradford at 9.15 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Leave Smethport at 9.15 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

R. C. WILLIAMS, Supt.

Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia R'y.

Trains Run on Buffalo Time.

NO SUNDAY TRAINS.

NORTHWARD.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD.
	Lv.	Ar.
6 35	Buffalo	9 00
8 14	Ebenezer	7 20
8 46	Spring Brook	6 52
9 00	Elma	6 40
9 15	Jamison	6 25
9 45	East Aurora	5 55
9 57	Wales	5 42
10 04	Holland	5 37
10 16	Protection	5 25
10 41	Arcade	5 00
11 19	Machias Junc.	4 35
11 30	Franklinville	4 27
11 45	Ischua	4 10
12 00	Hinsdale	3 55
12 41	Erie R'y Junc.	3 30
12 55	Olean	3 15
1 30	Portville	2 44
1 55	Eldred	2 20
2 27	Larrabee	1 47
3 05	Port Allegany	1 05
3 15	Liberty	12 55
3 31	Keating	12 39
3 45	Farrell	12 27
4 30	Emporium	11 45
p.m.	Lv.	Ar.

CONNECTIONS.

At Buffalo, with all Railroads diverging.
At E. & A. R'y Junction, with N. Y. & E. R'y.
At Machias Junc., with Rochester & N. Y. R'y.
At Erie R'y Junc., with N. Y., L. E. & W. R'y.
At Olean, with O. B. & W. R'y, for Bradford.
At Eldred, with N. Y. & E. R'y, for Bradford.
At Larrabee, with Rochester & Buffalo R'y.
At Emporium, with Philadelphia & E. R'y.
Train leaving Buffalo at 9 a. m. makes direct connection at Emporium for points South and West. Through Sleeping Car from Emporium.

F. S. BUELL, Gen. S. GATCHELL,
G. P. & T. Agent. Gen. Supt.
In effect Oct. 17, 1880.

RAUB & JACKON,

Surgeon Dentists,

Bolivar, All. Co. N. Y.

Teeth Extracted WITHOUT PAIN.

By the use of Dr. Von Boskerck's Anæsthetic and gas.

Twenty years of experience and successful practice warrants me in promising safe operations.

Parties wishing dental services at their homes can be accommodated promptly by dropping me a postal card.

Will be at Smethport

At the Wright House

April 17th and 18th, 1881.

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER.

J. L. CHICHESTER,

28 & 30 Washington Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The leading Specialists of to-day agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. That discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate the kidneys and liver, and at the same time purify and keep them in order. It is a POSITIVE Remedy for all the diseases that cause pain in the lower part of the body—for TORPID Liver, Bloody Urine, Diabetes, Bloating, Fever, Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is no exaggeration to say that thousands have been saved from untimely graves during Prevalent Fevers. It will control Malarial Fever and is invaluable for Low-worthiness or Failing of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequaled, for it cures the organs that make the blood.

READ THIS RECORD.

"It saved my life."—*H. H. Lokely, Atlanta, Ga.*

"It is the remedy that will carry the most consumptive sufferer to recovery."—*Mother's Magazine.*

"I had passed nursing both and was exhausted from care of the sick. Your Safe Cure saved me."—*New York World.*

"No remedy heretofore discovered can be used for one moment in comparison with it."—*Rev. C. A. Harvey, D. D., Washington, D. C.*

Warner's Safe Cure, which has done such wonders, is put up in the LARGEST SIZED BOTTLE of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by druggists and all dealers at $1.25 per bottle. H. H. WARNER & CO'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. It is a POSITIVE Remedy.

W. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N. Y. 33tf.

KIDNEY-WORT

The Only Known Remedy

THAT ACTS AT THE SAME TIME ON

THE LIVER,
THE BOWELS,
and the KIDNEYS.

This combined action gives it wonderful power to cure Disease.

Why are we Sick?

Because we allow these great organs to become clogged or torpid, and poisonous humors are therefore forced into the blood that should be expelled naturally.

RADICALLY CURES

BILLIOUSNESS, PILES, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, URINARY DISEASES, FEMALE WEAKNESSES, AND KINDRED DISORDERS,

by causing free action of these organs and restoring their strength and power to throw off disease.

Why Suffer Headache and Backache?

Why be Tormented with Piles and Constipation?

Why Frightened over Disordered Kidneys?

Why endure nervous headaches and sleepless nights?

KIDNEY-WORT will make the weak strong, and will relieve and cure in from one to three days. Thousands of cases, the worst kind and of long standing, have been cured by it after the best physicians had failed to give relief. It is a dry vegetable compound and one package will make six quarts of medicine. Full directions in English, German, French and Spanish in every package. It acts promptly and surely in all the above diseases. Buy it at once. Druggists have it. Price, $1.00. Liquid, or dry, sent by mail or express. Address, WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

KIDNEY-WORT

HENDERSON'S

SEEDS & PLANTS

Send free to all who apply by letter, postal or otherwise, their Illustrated Catalogue for 1881. 35 Cortlandt Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED to sell the Cheapest Edition of THE BIBLE ever published. Contains 1000 Engravings. Prices reduced 33 per cent. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 49-1y

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PERFECTLY BY USING

W. T. CALLAR,

—DEALER IN—

DRUGS & MEDICINES!

TOILET ARTICLES,

PAINTS, OILS,

VARNISHES, ETC.

—ALSO, PURE—

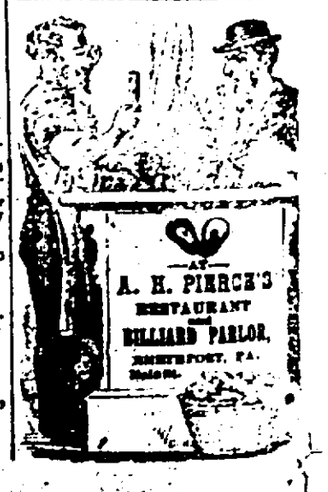
Wines & Liquors.

General Insurance Agency.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at any time, day or night.

W. T. CALLAR,

tf. SMETHPORT, PA.



AT

A. H. PIERCE'S

RESTAURANT

and

BILLIARD PARLOR,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Main St.